FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

VOL. XIX.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1835. [NO. 969.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED, WEEKLY,
By Edward J. Hale,
At $2 50 per annum, if paid in advance; $3 if paid during the year of subscription; or $3 50 at the end of the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted for sixty cents per square for the first, and thirty cents for each succeeding publication. Advertisers are requested to state the number of insertions desired, or they will be continued till forbid, and charged accordingly.

Letters to the Editor must be post paid.

Winter Term.

THE next Term in Donaldson Academy will commence on Wednesday next. During this term a course of Lectures on Chemistry, accompanied with experiments, will be delivered. The course will comprise from twelve to twenty Lectures. The time of Lecturing will be 7 o'clock P. M., and the first Lecture will be delivered on the first Tuesday in January. This Lecture will be public, and any, who are disposed, are invited to attend. As only a limited number can be accommodated, seats will be reserved for such as may take Tickets. A Ticket for the Course will be one dollar for an individual. They may be had at the Book Store of Mr. Hale, or at the Academy.
December 23, 1835. 68-2w.

DR. G. LEE,

Surgeon Dentist,

HAS taken a room at the Lafayette Hotel, and will attend to all calls in the line of his profession. Teeth cleansed from tartar, and other impurities without injuring the enamel; also separated, caries removed and plugged permanently; Teeth inserted after the most approved style; disease of the gums successfully treated.
December 24. 68tf.

Ready Made Clothing.

G. & L. Hurlbutt

HAVE just received, by the Steamer John Walker, a splendid assortment of
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,
Which they are determined to sell low for Cash
December 21, 1835. 68 6w

P. S. Among the assortment are twelve splendid Goat's hair Camlet BOSTON WRAPPERS.

Wanted to Hire,

A GOOD *PIANO* for six months, for which a liberal price will be paid Apply at this office
December 24. 68 3t.

THE SUBSCRIBER is very desirous of changing his business in this place, and will offer the following Property for sale on the first day of January, 1836, at the Market House, in Fayetteville, at 10 o'clock

200 acres of Wood Land, on Cross Creek, four miles from town There is a great part of it covered with Black Jack, Pine and Lightwood

Also, 250 acres, on the Camden road, 4 miles from town, a small house thereon, plenty of Lightwood and Black Jack, well watered.

Also, 400 acres, in Robeson County, 8 miles from town, 1½ mile from Big Rockfish; it is well timbered with saw mill timber.

Also, a Brick Store and Lot, on Hay street, adjoining Mess. Hall & Johnson and others.

Also, 4200 acres, on Carver's Creek, 200 acres clear and under good fence, a new Saw Mill built thereon, a good Dwelling House, Kitchen, Smoke house, several small houses for servants, a large Barn or Stable, 30 by 40 feet There is more timber on this Land than can be sawed in 50 years; the Mill is one and a half mile from the Cape Fear river, and it is an object for the man of enterprise; it will bring this year the interest for $7500, and I expect it will bring more the next; there is plenty of land round it that can be got low if wanted.

Several Wagons, 2 pair of timber wheels, Log Chains, horse Gears, &c.

Terms will be made known on the day of sale.
MICHAEL McGARY.
December 24. 68 2w.

To the Afflicted.

Hadlock's Vegetable Powder and Syrup,

For Diseases of the Lungs, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Coughs, Colds, &c.

THE operation of this medicine is particularly mild and safe. It promotes a gentle and healthy perspiration, and checks morbid and pernicious sweatings; relieves chronic affections and congestion of the lungs; assuages cough; promotes a free and mild expectoration; removes pains from the chest; relieves asthmatic or difficult respiration; corrects obstinate costiveness, and leaves the bowels in a regular and healthy state. Those painful symptoms which indicate diseased lungs readily yield to this certain remedy, when seasonably resorted to, and it restores the patient to the bodily vigor which that wasting disorder, the consumption, if left to its natural operation, so surely destroys.

For sale at the Lafayette Hotel and Store of Messrs. Hooper & McLaurin.

T. COCHRAN, *Agent.*

The Proprietor has received the following testimony from Col. John Black, [late Sheriff of Cumberland County,] a gentleman well known.

TO THE PUBLIC.

This may certify, that I have had two very severe attacks of Inflammation of the Lungs, accompanied with severe cough When first attacked, I procured the best Medical advice, and took many remedies, but all to no purpose. I was then advised to try Hadlock's Vegetable Medicine for Diseased Lungs, &c. I procured the Medicine and used as directed, and found immediate relief from its use. When the second attack commenced, I again resorted to the same Medicine and was at once relieved. It is my opinion, from the effects of its use on myself, the majority of those cases that terminate in Consumption, may be arrested by a timely use of this valuable remedy. I can with great confidence recommend it to all that may be afflicted with Diseased Lungs, Coughs, Colds, &c Let them give it a reasonable trial, and they will not be disappointed in the result, more than has been their humble servant,

JOHN BLACK.
Fayetteville, Dec. 2, 1835. 68-2w

Pianos at Cost and Charges.

THE Subscriber will sell at cost and charges, if applied for within ten days, two handsome new PIANOS, made by Dubois & Bacon, New York. If not sold within ten days, they will be re-shipped to the owner.

E. J. HALE.
December 24. 1835.

$25 REWARD.

THE above Reward will be paid to any person, for the apprehension of my negro man AARON, or for his confinement in any Jail so that I get him Aaron is about 38 years old, light complected, about 5 feet 6 inches high; his front teeth are very white and sound. He has a slight defect in one of his hips, which may be perceived from his walking. He has on, probably, a blue coat and snuff-colored homespun pantaloons, with a wide brimmed fur or felt hat. He ran away the 25th of October last, has a wife at John Hadley's in Chatham, about 15 miles North-west of Pittsborough. He formerly belonged to Peter Perry, of said county, and is well acquainted on the Cape Fear River as far down as Fayetteville, having worked on the river as a boat hand I think it likely he will attempt to pass as a free man, and may probably have procured a free pass, or a pass from some person permitting him to hire himself to any one who will employ him Aaron may attempt to reach Wilmington, and make his escape on board of some vessel

WOODSON LEA
Pittsborough, Dec 7. 68tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber, at the late term of Cumberland County Court, duly qualified and received Letters of Administration on the Estate of Robert J. Halliday, deceased. He hereby notifies all the creditors of the said Robert to present their respective claims, accounts, and demands, to him, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery; and all persons indebted to his intestate are also required to make payment to him forthwith.

JOHN W. SANDFORD,
Administrator of Rob't. J Halliday dec'd
December 16. 1835 68 6w

SPLENDID ANNUALS,

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN.

THE Oriental Annual, The English Annual, Friendship's Offering, The Christian Keepsake, all London works; and The Magnolia, The Token, the Religious Souvenir, The Gift, The Pearl, The Juvenile Keepsake, together with a variety of Children's Books for Christmas and New Year's Presents—just received.

ALSO—Crockett's Life of Van Buren; American Almanac for 1836; Memoirs of Hannah More; Robinson's Calmet's Dictionary of the Bible; Burder's Village Sermons; the Life of Washington in Latin; Thermometers, &c. &c.
December 15 E. J. HALE.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have just received from New York and Philadelphia, a large and splendid assortment of FALL AND WINTER

GOODS,

And respectfully invite their friends and former customers to call and examine their Stock, as it is by far the largest we have ever offered in the market, and are determined to sell at the lowest Cash prices at wholesale or retail.

JOHNSON & CARPENTER.
Fayetteville, October 3d, 1835. 57 tf.

P. S. Some superior James River Chewing TOBACCO. J. & C.

H. ERAMBERT,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and friends that he has just received from New York, where he selected them personally, a handsome assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

In his line, which he will sell at a small advance on New York cost for CASH only, or to such customers as pay on demand. As he expects to leave these capes for the West next Fall, he is determined to do a *CASH BUSINESS*, or keep his Goods on his shelves; finding it better to cry over them than after them. I hope that those who are indebted to me will take this as a hint, and come forward and pay up old scores, or they will have cost to pay, for I am determined to collect my debts and do a Cash Business. All those that think proper to employ me on these terms, shall have my best services to accommodate them;—all goods purchased of me shall have preference. He invites his customers to call and examine his Stock, as he warrants them to be English Goods, and inferior to none in the market. His Stock consists as follows:—

Blue and black CLOTH,
Brown, adelaide and invisible green do,
Drab and double milled grey mixt for Overcoats,
Royal ribbed Cassimeres, latest style,
Checked Cassimere for Pantaloons,
Buckskin Cassimere,
Plain Cassimere of different colors,
A handsome assortment Winter Vestings,
Light fancy Vesting, *for Parties,*
Buff Cassimere, for ditto,
Fancy Velvet Vesting,
Plain Velvet and Satin ditto,
A handsome assortment of Fancy Articles,
Stocks of all kinds,
Linen Collars and Bosoms, plain and ruffled,
Gentlemen's Riding Belts, a useful article in riding,
Buckskin Gloves,
Gum Elastic Suspenders and Garters,
Fancy Pocket Handkerchiefs,
Cravat Stiffeners,
Money Purses, Silk and Buckskin,
Bead Bags,
Gentlemen's Knit Shirts and Drawers. Cotton do,
Cotton Shirts, very fine, ready made,
Ladies' Jackets and Drawers,
India Rubber Aprons, large and small,
And a handsome assortment of *READY MADE CLOTHING*, and will warrant them as well made as any in the State; and a number of articles not mentioned, which he will sell at a small profit for Cash.

N. B. Four good Journeymen Tailors wanted immediately. None but sober, good workmen need apply,—for such the best prices in town will be given.

H. ERAMBERT.
Oc ober 26, 1835. 60 3m.

NEW GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER informs his Customers that he is now receiving about
ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY PACKAGES

DRY GOODS,

—AMONGST WHICH ARE—

Extra super Cloths, Hats, Shoes, Calicoes, Ginghams, Silks, Umbrellas, Parasols, Bonnets of the newest style, &c. &c. &c.

JNO. McARN.
July 27, 1835. 47tf.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now receiving his SPRING SUPPLY OF GOODS, comprising a general and extensive assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

Hardware and Fine Cutlery,

HATS & SHOES, fine & common,

CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA WARE.

—ALSO—

Choice old Madeira, Sherry, Tenerriffe, Port, S. M & Malaga } WINES,

Do Cogniac Brandy and Holland Gin,
Old Jamaica Rum, W I and N O do,
London and Philadelphia Brown Stout Porter,
Old Irish Whiskey and Monongahela do,
50 barrels Baltimore Rye Whiskey,
40 do New England Rum,
Imperial, Gunpowder and Young Hyson } TEAS,
Almonds, Raisins, Loaf and Lump Sugar, fresh Lemon Syrup, Lime Juice, Sweet Oil, Olives, Pickles, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Mustard, Pearl Barley, Spermaceti Candles, best Spanish Cigars, &c. &c.

All which he offers at Wholesale and Retail at a very small advance for CASH

ARCH. CAMPBELL.
April 28th, 1835 34tf.

GROCERIES, &c.

60 TONS Swedes and English Iron,
3 tons sheet, band and hoop do.
3 do Steel, cast, German, Crowley, English and American blister,
1½ tons bar Lead,
120 bags Shot,
60 kegs Dupont's Powder,
120 bags Coffee,
10 bags ea. Pepper, Spice and Ginger;
30 hhds. Sugar,
1500 lbs. loaf and lump ditto,
200 kegs Nails, assorted 4d to 40d.
10 bbls. Copperas and 3 cerouns Indigo,
30 pieces Cotton Bagging,
50 coils Bale Rope,
15 bbls. Tanner's Oil,
150 galls Sperm ditto.

For sale by
HALL & JOHNSON.
October 28, 1834 8tf.

NEW BOOKS.

THE Subscriber has just received his Fall Supply of BOOKS, embracing a very large number, of every description. They are far too numerous to be mentioned in detail.

AMONG THEM ARE THE FOLLOWING:

Irving's Legends of the Conquest of Spain; The Linwoods; Magpie Castle; Tales of a Physician; Port Admiral; Francesca Carrara; Will Watch; Legends of a Log Cabin; Old Maids; Nights at Mess; Beauties of Irving; Nuts to Crack; Gaul's Phrenology; Reed and Matheson's Visit to the American Churches; Wayland's Philosophy; Supplement to 6 months in a Convent; Crocket's Song Book; Orator's Own Book; Irving's Life of Columbus; Evans's Millwright's Guide; Cobbett's Advice to Young Men; Parley's Every Day Book; Missouri Harmony, &c. &c. E. J. HALE.
November 19.

New Music.

A great variety of new Songs, Marches, Waltzes, &c. for the Piano, just received by
E. J HALE.

LAND AGENCY.

WILLIAM CONNER,

GENERAL LAND AGENT & SURVEYOR,

OF BROWNSVILLE, HAYWOOD COUNTY, TENN.,

WILL attend to the Selling, Surveying, Listing, &c of all Lands entrusted to his care, in the counties of Haywood, Tipton, Dyer and Gibson

Reference to John C. McLemore or James B. Ferguson, of Nashville; William H Henderson, William H. Loving, Doctor Jones, James Smith, Charles Gugger, David Hay or Egbert Shepherd, Brownsville; George W Hockley, of Covington, or William Stodart, of Jackson.
August 15, 1835. 53-1y

NOTICE.

HAVING received of Mr. Henry Horn, on assignment, sundry Notes and Accounts, for the benefit of his creditors, all persons indebted to said Henry Horn, either by note or account, are requested to come forward and make immediate payment, as further indulgence will not be given.

N. McKINNON, *Assignee.*
Fayetteville, Sept. 15, 1835. 54tf

BUTTER.

3,000 Lbs. first quality Mountain **BUTTER**, put up by William Hale, Esq. and for sale by E. B. DRAKE.
October 12, 1835. 58tf

Mill Saws.

A FEW dozen of extra sizes, expressly manufactured for this market, just received and for sale low, by
ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL.
July 21, 1835 46tf.

Taken up,

AND committed to the Jail of Cumberland County, on the 2d inst. a negro man named JIM, supposed to be about 50 years of age, who says he belongs to Horace Dade, of Chesterfield District, South Carolina The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

FRED'K MOORE, Jailer.
Fayetteville, April 4, 1835. 31tf.

A HEAVY STOCK OF NEW GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER

BEGS leave to inform his customers and friends generally, that he is now receiving from New York, his FALL SUPPLY OF GOODS, which he offers for sale at wholesale or retail, for CASH or Country Produce.

2000 BUSHELS LIVERPOOL SALT
300 sacks do do,
500 bushels Alum do,
125 bags Rio Coffee, (real tick,)
25 do Porto Rico do, (green,)
10 do St. Domingo do,
5 do Java do, (old white,)
20 hhds Porto Rico Sugar,
5 do St Croix do,
10 barrels Tanner's Oil,
15 qr. casks Wine, assr'd quality,
1000 lbs Loaf and Lump Sugar,
8 chests Imperial, Gunpowder & Hyson Teas,
15 tons Swedes and English Iron, assorted,
German, Crawley and Cast Steel, American & English blistered do,
100 keg Nails and Brads, assr'd,
25 do Dupont's FFF Powder,
500 lbs Bar Lead,
50 bags Shot, assorted,
50 pieces Cotton Bagging,
50 coils Bale Rope,
3000 lbs. Spanish Sole Leather,
50 sides Upper do. Calf and Kip Skins,
1 Tierce CLOVER SEED.
500 lbs Cotton Yarn, No. 5 to 12.

Together with a general assortment of fresh

DRY GOODS,

FUR AND WOOL HATS,

Gentlemen's coarse and fine Shoes and walking Pumps,
Ladies' Leather, Seal and Morocco Boots, Shoes and Slippers,
Do Prunel Boots, Shoes and walking Slippers, (some very fine,)
Do. Fancy Baskets, Umbrellas and Parasols.

Hardware, Cutlery, Castings,

&c , Blacksmiths' Bellows, Vises, Anvils, Hammers and Screw Plates, all polished bright.
200 pr. Trace Chains, assorted,
50 do Halter do, do,
100 sets Wagon Boxes, do,
500 ps. Castings, do,
25 doz. Weeding Hoes. do,
50 do sets Knives and Forks,
100 do Pocket Knives,
10 do Collins' Axes,
10 do Shovels and Spades,
Cutting Knives, Drawing do., Scythe Blades, 48 and 50 inches, Hand Saws, Iron Squares and Coffee Mills, Plate, Knob, Chest and Trunk Locks, Wood Screws, Tacks and Curry Combs, Sheet, Band, Hoop, Round and Rod Iron.

Drugs and Medicines.

Glauber and Epsom Salts, Alum, Cream Tartar, Camphor, Aloes, Liquorice Ball, Sarsaparilla, Lemon Sirup, Castor and Sweet Oil, Calomel, Jalap, Bateman's Drops, Assifœdita, Nutmegs, Cinnamon Bark, Rose Lip Salve, Opodeldoc, Godfrey's Cordial, Essence Peppermint, Rhubarb, Laudanum, Paregoric, Cologne, Antique Oil, Milk Roses, Fancy and Scented Soap, &c.

PAINTS and DYE STUFFS,

Red Lead, White and Black do in oil, Spanish Brown, Do. Whiting, Chalk, Best Spanish Indigo, Dutch Madder, Yellow Ochre, Brimstone, roll, Verdigris in oil, Annato, Copal Varnish, Copperas, (very green,) Logwood, Campeachy, &c. &c.

C. J. ORRELL.

N. B.—Personal and strict attention will be given to the receiving and forwarding Goods; receiving Cotton and other produce for storage, sale or shipment as the owner may direct.

C. J O
Brick Row, Hay Mount.
Fayetteville, Sept. 11, 1835. 54tf.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

Wholesale & Retail Tin Ware Manufactory.

THE SUBSCRIBER informs his friends and the public, that he has moved his TIN FACTORY to Fayetteville, Hay Street, one door above Willkings & Co's Auction Store. His work will be made of the best materials that can be had, and by the best workmen, and in first rate style. He flatters himself that he will sell lower than the prices formerly have been. All kinds of Tin will be repaired as soon as brought in, and at moderate charges. Persons wishing to buy would do well to call and examine for themselves.

LEWIS KIDD.
Fayetteville, May 28, 1835. 39tf

TOBACCO.

20 BOXES TOBACCO, (Fitzgerald Brand, Pittsylvania, Va.) a good article For sale by A. KIMBALL.
Sept 8, 1835 53 tf.

MONTAGUE'S BALM,

AN INDIAN REMEDY FOR TOOTHACH.

THE established reputation and constantly increasing demand for this effectual remedy of pain and preservative of the Teeth, has induced the subscriber to offer it to the American public Arrangements have been made to supply Agents in all the principal Cities and Towns of the United States, so as to place it within the reach of those suffering, and likely to suffer, with the most harassing of all Aches (Toothach) When applied according to directions given on the bottle, it has never failed to afford immediate and permanent relief. It also arrests the decay in defective teeth and relieves that soreness which so frequently renders a strong tooth useless.

The application and remedy are simple, innocent and not unpleasant, and the large number of persons in various sections of the country that have already experienced such delightful and salutary benefits from the use of the Balm, are ready to bear (for the public good) their testimony to its unrivalled qualities.

It is an Indian remedy, obtained singularly and unexpectedly, and may be regarded by the civilized world as the most valuable discovery of the Red Man of the Woods.

All applications for Agencies or orders for the Balm, will receive prompt attention, if addressed to the subscriber, or to Holderby & McPheeters, Petersburg, Virginia.

H. B. MONTAGUE.

EDWARD J. HALE has been appointed Agent at Fayetteville, of whom the Balm may be procured.

Dissolution.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the Firm of Smith & Johnson, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 1st inst.. The business will be continued by A Johnson, at the old stand. All persons indebted to the Firm are requested to call and settle previous to the 1st. of January next, or they will find their notes and accounts placed in the hands of an officer for collection. All persons having claims against them are requested to present them for settlement.

DANIEL SMITH.
A. JOHNSON.
Dec. 17, 1835. 67tf.

REMOVAL.

I HAVE REMOVED to the Brick Store, one door West of Liberty Point, on Person Street *Auction and Commission Business* attended to as usual.

AMOS KIMBALL.
Sept. 8, 1835 53tf.

State of North Carolina.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleasand Quarter Sessions, December Term, 1835

John R. Donaldson, *vs* John R. White.—*Original Attachment.*—"No Goods or Chattels of the defendant to be found, then summoned the Firm of Willkings & Belden as Garnishees. E. W Willkings, of the Firm of Willkings & Belden, filed his Garnishment, and discharged by the Court."

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that John R. White, the Defendant in this case, hath removed out of this County, or so absconds or conceals himself, that the ordinary process of the law cannot be served upon him; it is therefore *Ordered*, That publication be made for six successive weeks, in the *Fayetteville Observer*, printed in the Town of Fayetteville, that unless he appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be holden for the County of Cumberland, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday of March next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the Plaintiff's claim, judgment pro confesso will be taken against him, for the amount thereof, and the amount in Garnishee's hands condemned.

Witness, *Archibald McLean, Jun'r,* Clerk of our said Court, at office, the first Monday of December, A. D. 1835, and sixtieth year of American Independence.
(67 6t.) ARCH'D McLEAN, Jr., *Clk.*

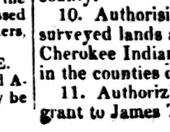
NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers having formed a co-partnership, will transact business under the firm of
HART & FULLER,
In the Store recently occupied by Mr. J. W. Pearce, North side of Hay Street, a few doors West of the Market Square, where they are now receiving, and intend keeping constantly on hand, a well selected Stock of

GOODS,

Which they offer on accommodating terms for Cash or Country Produce, for which the highest market price will at all times be paid. Country Merchants and others are invited to call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to sell low.

JAMES HART,
ELIJAH FULLER.



All kinds of Country Produce stored and sold, or shipped agreeable to order, and liberal advances made when desired, on shipment or otherwise.

HART & FULLER.
Fayetteville, Sept. 29, 1835. 56tf.

CAPTIONS

Of the Laws enacted by the General Assembly of North Carolina, at its session, commenced in the City of Raleigh, on the 16th November, 1835.

PUBLIC ACTS.

1. To allow further time for registering grants, proving and registering deeds, mesne conveyances, powers of attorney, bills of sale, and deeds of gift. [Extends the time to three years.

2. To amend an act for cutting a navigable canal from the waters of Elizabeth river, in Virginia, to the waters of Pasquotank, in North Carolina, passed in Virginia Dec. 1, 1787. [Authorises the Board of directors to supply vacancies in the offices of president and directors until the meeting of the stockholders; and that after the next general meeting of the stockholders of the Dismal Swamp Canal Company, general meetings shall be held annually on the 1st Monday in November.

3. To amend an act concerning the draining of low lands, passed in 1795.

4. Amendatory of the act of 1832, for the relief of debtors for debts which may be contracted after the first day of May next. [Provides that either party to an issue made up under the provisions of the act of 1822, to try whether the defendant hath been guilty of any fraud or concealment of any property, &c. may appeal under the same rules and regulations as appeals in other cases.

5. To authorize a subscription upon the part of this State to the capital stock of the Oconalufty Turnpike Company. [Provides that the Public Treasurer shall subscribe on behalf of the State the amount authorised under the act of 1824.

6. Amending an act to incorporate the Roanoke and Raleigh Rail Road Company.

7. Providing for the payment of the instalments on the shares reserved to the State in the capital stock of the Bank of the State of North Carolina. [Treasurer to borrow $400,000, at not more than 5 per cent interest.

8. To amend an act of 1833, to incorporate the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road Company. [Provides that the capital may be increased to $1,500,000, and that the road shall be commenced within three years.

9. Giving further time for perfecting titles to entries of vacant lands in Stokes county.

10. Authorising the entering of the unsurveyed lands acquired by treaty from the Cherokee Indians, A. D. 1817 and 1819, in the counties of Haywood and Macon.

11. Authorizing the Governor to issue a grant to James Truit, for a tract of land in the county of Macon. [Grant to issue for five acres of land, on the north side of Tennessee river, including said Truit's improvements thereon, and abutment of his bridge, on his paying 25 cents per acre.

12. To incorporate the Raleigh and Fayetteville Rail Road Company. [Capital stock not to exceed $800,000, in shares of 100 dollars each. When 3000 shares shall be subscribed, the company may commence operations, and construct a road from Raleigh to Fayetteville.

13. Making an appropriation for carrying on and completing the Capitol of the State. [Appropriates the further sum of $75,000.

14. To amend an act, entitled "an act to establish the Merchants' Bank of the town of Newbern. [Increases the number of Directors to nine.

15. To regulate the practice of hawking and peddling in this State. [Provides that no person shall peddle any goods, wares, or merchandise, or any wooden clock, or jewelry, not the growth or manufacture of this State, in any county, without first obtaining an order for a license from the County Court, and paying to the Clerk, as a tax for the same, the sum of 25 dollars, for one year; and that persons violating this provision, shall be fined or imprisoned at the discretion of the court; but exempts from tax, resident citizens peddling books and prints exclusively.

16. To revive and amend an act, passed in 1831, to incorporate the Tarborough and Hamilton rail road Company. [Repeals so much as required that the road should be commenced in 3, and completed in 10 years. Books to be opened for subscription, to the amount of $100,000, at such time and place as the Commissioners at Tarborough may direct.

17. To incorporate the Cincinnati and Charleston rail road Company. [Incorporates a company with a capital of $6,000,000, for the purpose of constructing a rail road from Cincinnati to Charleston, to run through the States of Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, and South Carolina.

18. To incorporate the Milton and Salisbury Rail Road Company [Incorporates a company with a capital of $500,000, in shares of 100 dollars each, for the purpose of effecting a communication, by rail road, from Milton to Salisbury.

19. Concerning the probate of wills made out of the State, and the registration of deeds and powers of attorney executed in foreign countries. [Provides that the county court may appoint commissioners to examine witnesses touching the execution of wills made without the State, whose report shall be received as evidence in proving such wills, in the same manner as oral testimony in open court; that deeds and powers of attorney in foreign countries, may be proved before public ministers, &c.

20. To declare and amend the law respecting public jails in certain cases. [Provides that whenever any jail shall be destroyed, it may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to cause the prisoners to be brought before him; and after examining the process by which they were confined, it shall be his duty to order them to the jail of some adjacent county. Whenever it shall happen there is no public jail in any county, prisoners may be committed to the jail of any adjoining county, and jailors compelled to receive them.

21. To give further time for paying in entry money. [Gives until the 15th December next.

22. Drecting the entry taker of Yancy county to issue warrants in certain cases.—[To issue warrants on entries made while A. Cook held the office, and on all cases where the warrant was demanded in proper time.

23. To amend the act to provide for the punishment of accessaries to felonies in certain cases, passed 1797. [If felons die or become *non compos mentis*, so that a legal trial of such principal cannot be had, accessaries may be prosecuted and punished.

24. To amend an act passed at Hillsborough, in the year 1784 so far as it respects the listing of taxable property within this State. [Requires all persons to list all such property as it is their duty to list by said act held by them on the 1st July instead of the 1st April.

25. Declaratory of the duties of entry takers in certain cases. [Provides when an entry is made in any entry-taker's office, and he shall die or resign before a warrant issue, it shall be the duty of his successor to issue it.

26. Making compensation to sheriffs for holding the elections in relation to the ratification or rejection of the Amendments to the Constitution.

27. Making it the duty of the Governor to convey to the Justices of Haywood county court certain lands therein described.—[To convey to the justices, in trust for the county, any Cherokee lands remaining unsold in the county, on their giving bonds for the value thereof.

28. For the relief of sick and disabled seamen. [Provides that the officers and seamen of vessels of the United States entering the port of Wilmington shall be taxed, at the rate of 50 cents per month, and any coasting vessel entering said port, not trading within this State, the master thereof shall pay for himself and each cabin passenger 50 cents; and for each officer and seaman 25 cents; to be retained out of their wages, to the use of the Wilmington Marine Hospital Association.

29. To incorporate the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road Company [Incorporates a company, with a capital of $800,000, in shares of $100 each, for the purpose of constructing a rail road from Raleigh to the termination of the Greensville and Roanoke rail road, at or near Gaston, heretofore called Wilkin's Ferry.

30. To provide for the election of members of the General Assembly of this State, when vacancies shall occur, by death, resignation or otherwise, before the meeting of the General Assembly.—[Makes it the duty of the Governor to issue a writ of election forthwith to supply any such vacancy.

31. Prescribing the time and places for comparing the polls in the different Senatorial districts therein named. [Provisions extend to the 1st, 3d, 4th, 7th, 13th, 19th, 20th, 44th, 45th districts.

32. Granting further time for revising and digesting the public statute laws. [Grants the further time of one year.

33. To provide for the temporary appointment of registers in certain cases. [Vacancies may be filled by three Justices.

34. Supplemental to an act, passed at the present session, to amend an act of 1833, incorporating the Roanoke and Raleigh Rail Road Company. [Exempts company from tax for 15 years.

35. To suppress more effectually the vice of gaming in this State. [Persons keeping gaming tables of any description, subject to a fine of not less than $200, and to imprisonment, not less than one month; and all persons playing at such tables, subject to a fine, not less than $10, at the discretion of the court.

36. To regulate private legislation. [Provides that any person intending to apply to the Legislature for the enactment of a private law shall give public notice thereof.

37. Respecting the Board for Internal Improvement.

PRIVATE ACTS.

1. Making compensation to talis jurors in the county of Robeson.

2 To prevent the obstructing the passage of fish up Sugar Town fork of Tennessee river, Macon county.

3. Making valid certain proceedings of the county courts of Haywood.

4. To authorise the commissioners of the town of Wilmington to increase the taxes on the town property.

5. To amend an act of 1834, making compensation to jurors of the county of Chowan.

6. For the better regulation of the county courts of Onslow.

7. To amend an act for the better administration of justice in the county of Onslow, &c.

8. Providing that no person shall fish with seine or net in the waters of the Handle lying between Great Alligator river and the Frying Pan, in the county of Tyrrell, between sunset and day-break.

9. To amend an act of 1829, for the better regulation of the town of Wilmington.

10. To increase the capital stock of Weldon Toll Bridge Company. [To 75,000.]

11. To establish Pleasant Grove Academy, in the county of Currituck.

12. To establish Ford Creek Academy, in the county of Granville.

13. To repeal the second section of an act of 1831, to amend in part an act of 1829, to compel the trustees of Moore, Chowan and Robeson counties to pay the jurors in preference to other claims, so far as respects the county of Moore.

14. To alter the time of opening and closing the polls of the elections in the counties of Gates and Chowan.

15. To alter the times of holding the county courts of Beaufort.

16. To pay jurors in Yancey county.

17. To repeal so much of an act of 1831, to incorporate the Charlotte Fire Engine Company, as exempts the members of said Company from performing military duty.

18. To alter the name of, and legitimate John Pettis Johnson, of Warren.

19. To prevent the falling of timber in, or otherwise obstructing the run of Ellis's creek, in Bladen county.

20. Divorcing Equilla S. Bennet, of Pitt county.

21. Altering the name of Martha Ann Screws, and legitimating her.

22 Legitimating John Willoughby and Ann Willoughby, of the county of Bertie.

23. To abolish the office of county trustee in the county of Moore, and for other purposes.

24. To amend an act, passed in 1822, concerning the division of Rowan county.

25. To incorporate the Deep River Gold Mining Company.

26. Repealing in part the 13th section of an act of 1834, authorising the making a turnpike road in the county of Buncombe.

27 Restoring to credit John Masters, of Yancy county.

28 To divorce Catharine Parks from her husband Gabriel Parks.

29 To divorce Elizabeth H. McCaw, of Rowan, from her husband Wm B McCaw.

30. To divorce Elizabeth Silva.

31. To divorce Margaret Massey.

32 To divorce Wm Hines.

33 To divorce Mary Wall.

34. To divorce Lucy Colvert.

35 To divorce Frances Cloud.

36. For the better regulation of the slave laborers in the town and port of Wilmington.

37. For the relief of Rachael Edwards.

38. Repealing an act of 1833, directing the Judges of the superior court of Hyde not to take up State cases before the third day of court.

39. Legitimating Thomas Petit, of Surry county

40. To amend an act to incorporate the town of Stantonsburg, in the county of Edgecombe.

41. To amend an act to incorporate the Mattamuskeet Canal and Rosebay Turnpike Company. passed at last session.

42. Repealing an act relative to hands working on roads in the counties of Burke and Buncombe

43. For the better regulation of the county courts of Lincoln.

44 For the better regulation of the town of Newbern.

45. Incorporating the Franklin Turnpike Company, and for other purposes.

46. Directing the time of holding the county courts of Mecklenburg.

47. Incorporating the Lincoln Gold Mining Company.

48. Incorporating the Craven county Rangers.

49. Compelling the justices of the peace of New Hanover county to attend the term of the county court of said county, whenever a majority of the justices of said county are required to be present.

50. To authorize David T. Sawyer to lay off and construct a road, and for other purposes.

51 Concerning the inspection of flour in the town of Fayetteville.

52. Divorcing Elizabeth M. Starnes, of Macon county

53 Divorcing Margaret P. Spear from her husband Alexander Spear.

54 For the better regulation of the county courts in Brunswick.

55. Establishing Hookerton Academy, in the county of Greene.

56. To prevent the falling of timber in, or otherwise obstructing the run of Turnbull creek.

57. Amending an act of 1824, to establish a poor and work house in Jones and Randolph.

58. To incorporate the South Buffalow Gold Mining Company

59. Incorporating Concord Academy, in Edgecombe.

60. To amend the militia law for the encouragement of volunteer companies in the county of Mecklenburg

61. Altering the name of, and legitimating Wm. W. Eason.

62 Amendatory of an act relating to the town of Lawrenceville, in Montgomery county.

63 Preventing fire hunting in the night time in Hyde

64 Divorcing Esther E. Nelson.

65. Incorporating the Episcopal School of N. Carolina

66 Divorcing Thomas Roberts.

67. To alter the name of, and legitimate Simon Davis.

68 Incorporating the American Gold Mining Company in Mecklenburg.

69 To amend an act of 1830, concerning the county court of Rowan.

70. To alter the name of, and legitimate James Atlas Marks.

71 Repealing an act of 1822, concerning the town of Asheville.

72. Repealing an act of 1829, concerning the first regiment of Stokes, &c

73 Relating to the duty of the sheriff of Chatham county.

74 Amending an act of 1830 for the regulation of the patrol, so far as respects Camden county.

75. Directing the number of jurors hereafter to be drawn in the county of Chatham.

76. To amend an act of last session, to establish the town of Leaksville.

77. To amend an act of 1829, to authorize the county court of Burke to appoint commissioners to lay off a turnpike road from the Lincoln line to Jacob Mull's Mill.

78. To emancipate Lucy Ann, Emeline & Priscilla, of Cumberland county.

79 Authorising the making a turnpike road in Haywood county, and incorporating a company for that purpose.

80. To authorise the laying out and establishing a turnpike road from the South Carolina line, near the Blockhouse, to Cain Creek Bridge, in Buncombe county.

81. To abolish the Offices of County Trustee and Treasurer of Public Buildings in Gates, Chowan and Mecklenburg, and for other purposes.

82. To alter and amend an act of 1834, appointing Commissioners to lay off a road from Morganton, by Barnsville and Barnett's station, to the Tennessee line.

83. To incorporate the Conrad Gold Mining Company.

84 To repeal an act of 1833, directing the manner in which constables shall be appointed in this State, so far as respects the Counties of Washington, Hyde, Greene, Tyrrell and Currituck.

85. To prevent frauds upon the revenue in the assessment of lands for taxation in Yancy county

86. To alter the name of Haywood Watner and to legitimate him

87. To alter the time of holding the Elections in the Counties of Currituck and Camden.

88. To divorce Tempe Hall.

89. Concerning the patrol in the Counties of Edgecombe, Brunswick, Onslow, Gates, Northampton, Bertie, Mecklenburg, Lenoir and Martin.

90. To abolish the offices of County Trustee and Treasurer of Public Buildings in Chowan, Montgomery, Mecklenburg, and Anson Counties.

91. To incorporate the Concord Gold Mining Company.

92. To incorporate Campbill's Creek Gold Mining Company.

93. To incorporate the Long Creek Gold Mining Company.

94. To incorporate the County Guard in Rockingham.

95. To amend an act of 1816, to establish an Academy in Williamston.

96. To amend an act of 1830, for the better regulation of Williamston.

97. To alter the name of, and legitimate Hardy Lewis.

98. Making compensation to Tales Jurors in the county of Randolph.

99. Appointing Commissioners to run and lay off a road from the Deep Gap to Ste. Thomas's.

100 To prevent obstructions in the navigation of the waters of Carteret County, and to appoint Commissioners of Navigation in said County.

101. To emancipate Delia Nelson.

102. To secure to the Baptist Church in Charlotte, a lot of ground.

103. To amend an act of 1820, for repairing the road from Old Fort, in Burke, to the southern boundary of the State.

104. To alter the name of, and legitimate A. Boyd

105. To repeal in part, an act for the better regulation of the Fair near Laurel Hill.

106 To alter the name of, and legitimate Q. Robertson.

107 To authorise Hardin Franklin to erect a dam

108. To repeal an act to make compensation to Jurors of the Superior Court of Haywood.

109. To alter in part the dividing line between Rowan and Surry.

110. To amend an act incorporating the Pittsborough Academy.

112. To authorise the Trustees of Williams's Church to hold and possess one acre of land.

113 To amend an act of 1824, to appoint Commissioners for Clemmonsville

114. To amend two several acts of 1824, to repair, &c, the road from Holeman's Ford to the Deep Gap, &c.

115. Relating to the Cavalry of Macon county

116 Authorising and requiring the Captains or commanding officers of militia attached to the 30th, 31st and 68th regiments to muster their companies once in three months.

117. Concerning the navigation of Cyprus creek.

118. To annex part of Wilkes to Ashe.

119. Making compensation to the Jurors of Pasquotank

120. Giving further time to the Justices of Haywood to return the list of taxable property.

121. To divorce William B. Morgan.

122. To incorporate the Hope Gold Mining Company.

124. Securing to William Tannahill and Benj. A Lavender the right to navigate Pamptico and Tar river.

RESOLUTIONS.

1. Requiring the Public Treasurer to procure specie change for the redemption of the Treasury notes.

2. Authorising the committee of Finance to burn Treasury notes.

3. In favor of Jesse Wright.

4. In favor of Bartlot Dills, jr.

5. Directing the Public Treasurer not to commence suits upon the Cherokee bonds until the first of December, 1836.

6. In favor of Neill McAlpin, sheriff of Robeson county.

7. In favor of Leonard Buchannon.

8. Relating to the Marine Hospital Association.

9. In favor of Zachariah Candler.

10. Directing the employment of additional Engrossing Clerks.

11. To employ assistant engrossing Clerks.

12. Directing an exchange of the Supreme Court Reports. [Governor to transmit a copy of the Supreme Court Reports to each of the States and Territories in the Union.

13. In favor of Matthew Miller.

14. In favor of James C. Turrentine.

15. Relating to the sale of Cherokee lands. [Authorises the Governor to appoint a commissioner to sell the remaining lands, which have been surveyed, acquired from the Cherokee Indians.

16. In favor of Mark H. Hill.

17. Providing for a residence of the Governor, and appropriating $450 for that purpose.

18. In favor of James G. Stockard.

19. In favor of John Cooper.

20. On the subject of incendiary publications. [Declaring that North Carolina alone has the right to legislate over the slaves in her territory; inviting the co-operation of other States in passing laws to prevent the circulation of incendiary publications among them; requesting our sister States to enact penal laws prohibiting the publication of such papers; denying the right of Congress to liberate the slaves in the District of Columbia; and expressing a reliance upon Congress to prohibit the circulation of inflammatory publications through the post office department.

21. Calling upon Congress for an appropriation of money to improve the navigation of Core Sound.

22. Directing George Gilbreath to deliver the public arms in his possession to the commandant of the 74th regiment.

23. Directing the public Treasurer to pay the clerk of the Senate for certain acts and Journals, for the use of the Senate.

25. In favor of the widow of the late Wm. Gilliam, dec'd.

26. In favor of D. L. Barringer.

27. For payment of contingent expenses. [Appropriates 18 dollars and 35 cents for articles furnished Government House during session.

28. Directing the sale of dredging machine.

30. Authorising the Public Treasurer to borrow not exceeding $50,000 to defray current exposes of the State Government, if necessary.

North Carolina Legislature.

SENATE.

Tuesday, Dec. 22.

Mr. McCormick presented a bill authorising the county Court of Cumberland to lay off the public roads in that county into districts, and for other purposes. Postponed indefinitely.

All the business of the Senate having been acted upon, on motion of Mr. Bryan, it was

Resolved unanimously, That the thanks of the Senate are due to the Hon. William D. Mosely, for the able, dignified, and impartial manner in which he has discharged the duties of the Chair, during the present session of the General Assembly.

Whereupon the Speaker made his acknowledgments to the Senate, in an appropriate address, and adjourned the same *sine die.*

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Monday, Dec. 21.

A message from the Senate informing that they have adopted certain Resolutions respecting the Public Domain. [These Resolutions were submitted by Mr. Waugh, and have been heretofore published.] Mr. Buie moved that they lie upon the table.—Negatived 56 to 41. Mr. Rayner moved to postpone said Resolutions until the 2d Monday of November next. Negatived 63 to 33. Mr. Clingman moved to strike out all after the word "Resolved," and insert as a substitute the Resolutions heretofore submitted by him and adopted by the House of Commons. Mr. Hawkins called for a division of the question; and the question being first put on striking out, it was decided in the affirmative, Yeas 51,—Nays 47. The question—will the House insert the Resolutions as proposed by Mr. Clingman?—was then put by the Chair. The calling of the Roll having been commenced, and two members having voted in the affirmative, and one in the negative, Mr. Hybart called for a further division, and that the question be taken on inserting each Resolution separately. Mr. King here rose to a question of order, whether the call for a further division could now be entertained after the House had commenced voting. The Speaker decided that the previous demand of a division of the question gave any member a right to have it subdivided, and the Chair believing that it was capable of further division, determined that any member had a right to require the Speaker to put the question in a different mode, and so as to divide it. From this decision Mr. King appealed to the House, and the decision of the Chair was *reversed* 61 to 34. The question was then taken on Mr. Clingman's motion and decided in the affirmative, 55 to 43. Mr. Taylor moved that the Resolutions, as amended, be indefinitely postponed. A question of order now rose, whether it was proper, at this stage of the proceeding, to entertain such a notion. The chair decided that it was. The motion to postpone indefinitely was then put, and decided in the affirmative, 47 to 49. After the question had been decided, Mr. Waddell believing the decision of the Chair had been incorrect, prayed an appeal from it. The Speaker decided that it was now too late to take an appeal, and from this decision an appeal was taken, but the House sustained the Chair 83 to 12. Mr. Swindell moved that the House do now reconsider their vote of indefinite postponement of said Resolutions, which was decided in the affirmative 42 to 40. The question now recurring on the indefinite postponement of the said Resolutions, Mr. Clingman renewed the question of order as to the propriety of the motion for indefinite postponement. The Speaker decided the motion to be in order, and Mr. Clingman appealed; but the House sustained the Chair 55 to 32. The question again recurring on indefinite postponement, the House adjourned.

Bill rejected.—To regulate the time of holding the Superior Courts in the 4th and 6th Circuits and to amend the Patrol laws.

Tuesday, Dec. 22.

The House proceeded to the unfinished business, in which they were engaged when the House adjourned last night, being the motion to postpone indefinitely the Land Resolutions. The motion prevailed by a vote of 54 to 43; so the Resolutions were postponed indefinitely.

Bills rejected.—Supplemental to an Act passed in 1809, directing how persons injured by the erection of Public Mills, shall in future recover damages—To increase the Capital Stock of the Bank of the State—To authorize the leasing for a term of years certain tracts of land acquired by treaty from the Cherokees—authorizing the Banks of Cape Fear and Merchant's Bank of Newbern to deal in any Public debt created by any law of this State.

A message having been received from the Senate, stating its readiness to adjourn *sine die*, Mr. Guthrie offered the following Resolution:

Resolved, That the thanks of the House be tendered to William H. Haywood, Jun. Esq. for the able, dignified, and impartial manner in which he has presided over its deliberations, during the present session.

The Resolution was unanimously adopted, and the Speaker having returned his thanks in an appropriate Address, adjourned the House without day.

The following are the resolutions adopted by the Legislature on the subject of the abolitionists. They passed both Houses by nearly unanimous votes.

1. *Resolved*, That North Carolina alone has the right to legislate over the Slaves in her territory, and any attempt to change their condition, whether made by Congress, the legislatures, or the people of other States, will be regarded as an invasion of our just rights.

2. *Resolved*, That we are ready and willing to make, on this subject, a common cause with the rest of our sister slaveholding States, and hereby invite their co-operation in passing such laws and regulations as may be necessary to suppress and prevent the circulation of any incendiary publications within any of the slaveholding States.

3. *Resolved*, That the thanks of this State are due, and the kindest feelings of the Citizens thereof are cherished towards their brethren of the North, who have magnanimously sustained the principles of our Federal Government, and recognized and maintained our rights against the fanatics of those States.

4. *Resolved*, That our sister States are respectfully requested to enact penal laws prohibiting the printing within their respective limits, all such publications as may have a tendency to make our slaves discontented with their present condition, or incite them to insurrection.

5. *Resolved*, That although by the Constitution, all legislative power over the District of Columbia is vested in the Congress of the United States, yet we would deprecate any legislative action on the part of that body towards liberating the slaves of that District, as a breach of faith towards those States, by whom the territory was originally ceded, and will regard such interference as the first step towards a general emancipation of the slaves of the South.

6. *Resolved*, That we confidently rely upon the Congress of the United States, in passing such laws as may be necessary, to prevent the circulation of inflammatory publications through the Post Office Department.

7. *Resolved*, That the Governor be, and he is hereby requested to forward a copy of this preamble and resolutions to each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress, and to the Executive of each of the States of the Union, with a request that the same be submitted to their respective legislatures.

Land Resolutions.—We refer the people of North Carolina to the conduct of the Van Burenites, in regard to these Resolutions, as detailed in the proceedings of the House of Commons, on Monday and Tuesday. We hope the supporters of Mr. Van Buren will no longer have the effrontery to deny that they are opposed to the State's having her just and equal portion of the proceeds of the Public Lands. On the final question of indefinite postponement the vote stood as follows:

Yeas.—Messrs. Bell, Braswell, Brown, Bryan, Byrum, Cansler, Coor, Davis, Dunn, Fitzrandolph, Frink, J. W. Guinn, L. A. Guinn, N. Harrison, Hawkins, Henry, Hester, Hill, Howerton, Hutchison, Hybart, Irion, Jeffreys, Jervis, Jones, Judkins, Kenan, J. W. Lane, Lee, Lyon, J. A. D. McNeill, D. McNeill, Neale, Pickett, Riddick, Siler, Slade, Sloan, J. L. Smith, Stallings, Stockard, Swindell, Taylor, Tomlinson, Tuton, J. R. Walker, J. H. Walker, Watson, Whitley, Williamson & Witcher.

Nays.—Messrs. Bedford, Benton, Borland, Brummell, Buie, Boyd, Barnhardt, Clement, Clingman, Collins, Davenport, Eaton, Erwin, Foreman, Gary, Gorrell, Graham, Guthrie, Harris, Harper, Hassell, J. Horton, W. Horton, Hoskins, Hunt, Jacocks, Kelly, King, W. B. Lane, Lilly, Loudermilk, Manly, Matthews, Muse, McPherson, Poindexter, Rayner, Rogers, Rush, George Smith, Thomas, Waddell and Watts.

Every Member who voted in the *affirmative* is a Van Buren man, and every one voting in the *negative* is for Judge White! With this fact staring the people in the face, is there necessity for comment; and need we ask them, if they will permit party madness thus to trifle with their dearest interests, without calling their unfaithful stewards to account?—*Raleigh Register.*

Mr. Thomas B. Haywood, of this City, has been appointed Private Secretary to His Excellency, Gov. Spaight.

Raleigh Register.

Alabama.—The Editor of the "Standard" is almost beside himself, because the House of Representatives of the State of Alabama have rescinded the Resolutions of a prior Session nominating Judge White. When we hear of its passing the Senate also, we shall begin to think there is cause for doubt, but not for despair, as to the vote of the State. The Alabama Intelligencer on the spot, says—"that this vote is not an index of the comparative strength of the White and Van Buren members in the Legislature; that the Van Buren men took advantage of the absence of several White members, to introduce and press their Resolutions: and that several of the White members present voted to rescind, because they are opposed to Presidential nominations by State Legislatures, and had, on that account, voted against the nomination when first made.

Raleigh Register.

The N. O. Morning *Post*, of the 11th inst. says, "the steamer Walk in the Water, lying at the landing at Natchez, took fire on the night of the 8th inst. and together with 1300 bales of cotton, for this port, was entirely consumed. She was cut adrift, and was about sinking when the steamer Tuscahoma passed her on the morning of the 9th. One negro was burnt to death."

Steamer Lady Franklin, on her passage from St. Louis to Louisville, (says the same paper,) was run into by the steamer Portsmouth, near the Yellow Banks, Ky. and sunk in deep water immediately—20 lives are known to have been lost.

Look Out.—Ritchie pronounces the Senate "*the most aristocratic feature in our Constitution.*" We must be prepared to see Cromwell enter that body at the head of the marines and disband it; nothing but *submission* to the dictator will save it. His terms are quite mild—"Confirm the nominations of Kendall, Taney, and any other man I may appoint, follow my instructions and obey my will, and you may retain your seats." It will come to this—it *has* nearly come to it. Our motto still is, "*Nil admirari.*"

The New York Star says, that Doctor Ham is to be the Van Buren candidate for Governor in Ohio. We know little as to Ham's standing, but we suppose, that he occupies a position *near the tail of the whole-hog party.*—*Louisville Jour.*

Gov. Galusha, of Vermont, now ninety-three years old, had an arm broken about a year ago in attempting to break a colt. No sooner had the wound healed, than the patriarch mounted the colt again and subdued him.

THE NEW YORK FIRE.

We yesterday paid another visit to the ruins, and were astonished to see in how many instances preparations were already making for rebuilding, by the removal of rubbish, and ridding the old brick of their mortar, (which in general is not a difficult operation.) While these operations are going on in some cellars, in others the fire is still burning, and in others men are engaged in saving the remains of property, such as coffee, iron, cotton and even cloths. From some of the stores in William street, near Wall, large quantities of the last mentioned goods have been taken out, though in a very damaged state, as might well be anticipated. A great deal of coffee has been recovered, or will be,—some of it with comparatively little injury. Altogether a very busy scene is presented, and *such* a one as is not often witnessed.

INSURANCE CAPITAL.—Total capital, $8,950,000. The number of Companies is twenty-five, exclusive of the Farmers' Loan, which has not latterly taken fire risks, and the Clinton, Palladium and Union, which are not in operation. Eleven will be able to pay all their losses, and many of them will have a respectable capital remaining. Further, it would not be strange if some of the other Companies on ascertaining more exactly the extent of their losses should be found equal to the fulfilment of all their obligations.—*Journal of Commerce.*

FROM THE NEW YORK COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

The prospect continues to grow more cheering. It is believed that all the insurance companies will be able to pay in full, or nearly so, and most of them will also be able to go on. The Eagle, Fulton, United States, Bowery, Greenwich, City, and New York, are prepared to pay all losses.

The banks are behaving nobly. The Mechanics' discounted on Saturday almost all paper that was offered. The City Bank renews all notes falling due, on the same securities.

Notwithstanding the immense losses sustained by the merchants, and the horrible state of confusion occasioned by the fire, no failures have as yet been announced or are expected. Not a note has been dishonored. There never was a more noble display of energy and fortitude than has been made on this occasion.

It is estimated that nearly three thousand clerks, porters, cartmen, &c &c. are thrown out of employment, for at least a time. Many of them with families to support, and no dependence but their daily earnings.

The fire has been exceedingly fatal to the fire proof iron chests. We have not heard of an instance in which books or papers contained in them have been saved without injury.

Mr. Lenox is a heavy loser, but takes no thought of his own misfortunes. He remarked that his own loss did not cost him a pang—he felt not for himself, but for those who were sufferers, and who would be ruined; for them he was willing to make any sacrifices and exertions to relieve.

Stephen Whitney's loss in stores, stock and goods, is said to be nearly half a million.

There is but one opinion as to the merits of wooden gutters, cornices, and window frames.—The great extent of the fire is in a large measure to be ascribed to these pernicious inventions to save a little money. Copper gutters and iron window frames and shutters would have saved the Exchange. The new and lofty building at the corner of William and Wall street was on fire at the cornice several times and with difficulty saved.

One of the largest firms who were burnt out, removed their goods, or a large part of them, to the store of a friend, which it was quite probable would ultimately share the same fate. They went at midnight, and hired a new store, where by five o'clock in the morning their goods were safely deposited. Early on Thursday, while the fire was yet raging, they contracted for the immediate building of their own store, so that in about twelve hours after they were burned out, they had all their arrangements made for repairing the damage. Yesterday men were engaged in removing the rubbish, preparatory to a new erection. The firm to which we allude, is Arthur Tappan & Co.

We were incorrect yesterday in saying that not a building remained within the limits of the fire. There is one,—the brick store of Mr. Benson, dealer in copper, tin, &c. It stands erect in the midst of surrounding desolation. It is thoroughly fire-proof, with walls sixteen inches thick.

The largest sufferers, in the dry goods line, we are told, will be the Lyons manufacturers, who had recently made heavy consignments to this country.

As an example of what ought to be done in building, we may refer to a noble store standing "alone in its glory," where Water street was. It was built by Mr. Carman for Herman Thorne. He was told that the structure must be built fire proof, and he promptly declared that it should be so built that the fire could not burn it. The consequence was that, though wrapped in sheets of flames, standing as it were in the crater of a volcano—in a sea of fire, it stands uninjured, and the goods safe within it.

The City Councils have met the crisis as becomes them, and their constituents. They have adopted, almost by acclamation, the project of a law creating a stock of *Six Millions*, for the relief of the Insurance Companies, and through them, of the whole community. This is, in every sense, well done—for it shows that New York may, in any emergency, rely upon herself. The Legislature will, beyond peradventure, confirm this law.

The Committee appointed to make application—under the present circumstances of the city—to the General Government, for such relief as may be thought expedient, have confined their request to these three heads:

1st. A remission of duties on all goods consumed in the original packages.

2d. An extension of credit on all bonds falling due after the 16th inst., and

3d. An investment of such portion, as may be conveniently spared, of the surplus in the Treasury, either in our city bonds, or in the bonds and mortgages of the Insurance Companies.

No gratuities, no donations, no suing *in forma pauperis*, are thought of, but simply such relief as equity can hardly refuse, and policy itself would recommend. This again is well.—*American.*

The Boston Transcript of Saturday, states that the Insurance offices in that city sustain the following losses by the fire in the city of New York:—The offices in State street lose from 100,000 to 120,000 dollars, the Manufacturer's office loses 50,000, the Franklin 20,000, Merchant's 12,000, National 10,000, American not ascertained, probably 8,000, Fireman's 16,000. The Merrimack Manufacturing Company, at Lowell, will lose 25,000, Hamilton 15,000, Salisbury 65,000, Appleton 15,000, York (Maine) 7000.

The Mercantile Advertiser and Advocate of Monday last, says:

"The Great Fire in London, on the 2d September, 1666, consumed 89 Churches, 13,200 Houses, and 400 Streets, the City Gates Guildhall, numerous public structures, hospitals, schools, libraries, and stately edifices, leaving a ruined space of 436 acres from the Tower to the Temple Church, and from the North East Gate along the City Wall, to Holburn Bridge, and destroying property to the estimated amount, *even then*, of £10,000,000, or nearly $50,000,000. Yet within less than *five* years after this terrible calamity, the city was almost wholly rebuilt, in a style of far greater regularity, security, commodiousness and salubrity. Who then can doubt that New-York, with her commerce, the number, wealth, and enterprise of her citizens, will not even more rapidly recover from the consequences of the recent fire?

"At the period of the fire in London, its population was about 500,000."

CONGRESS.

IN SENATE.

Monday, Dec. 21.—John M. Niles, a Senator from Connecticut, appointed to fill the place of the late Nathan Smith, appeared and took his seat.

A Message was received from the President of the United States, submitting to the consideration of Congress a bequest made in London for an Institution in this country, which, on motion of Mr. Webster, was laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Webster, who accompanied the resolution with appropriate remarks, the Committee on Finance was instructed to inquire what measures should be adopted by Congress in consequence of the fire at New York.

Mr. Ewing and Mr. Morris, of Ohio, introduced resolutions relative to the boundary line of Ohio.

The various portions of the President's Message were referred to the appropriate Standing Committees, except that part relating to the transmission of incendiary publications by mail, which Mr. Calhoun moved to refer to a Select Committee. This motion gave rise to a debate, in which the affirmative of the proposition was sustained by Mr. Preston, Mr. Mangum, Mr. Clayton, Mr. Goldsborough, Mr. Leigh, Mr. Ewing, and Mr. Davis, and the negative by Mr. King of Alabama, Mr. Grundy, Mr. Buchanan, and Mr. Brown. The motion of Mr. Calhoun was carried in the affirmative—ayes 23.

On motion of Mr. Calhoun, the committee was ordered to consist of five Senators.

The Senate proceeded to ballot for the committee, when the following were elected: Mr. Calhoun, Mr. King of Ga., Mr. Mangum, Mr. Davis, and Mr. Linn.

Tuesday, Dec. 22.—On motion of Mr. Benton, the resolution submitted by him providing for the admission of the Michigan Senators to seats, was taken up, and after debate, amended, so as to extend to the individuals the same courtesy as is extended to other privileged spectators. In this shape, it was adopted, 22 to 18. So the Senate refused to recognize Michigan as a State.

Wednesday, Dec. 23.—Mr. Goldsborough offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee on Military affairs be instructed to inquire what number of floating steam batteries are necessary for the defence of the Chesapeake and Delaware bays, and the harbor of New York, together with the estimate of the probable cost of the same, and to report the result to the Senate.

Mr. Ewing asked and obtained leave to introduce a bill to change the organization of the General Post Office, which was read, and ordered to a second reading, and to be printed.

The Rev. Mr. Higbee was elected Chaplain to the Senate.

Thursday, Dec. 24.—Mr. Hendricks offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the expediency of fixing, by law, the time of the commencement and close of every succeeding session of Congress.

Mr. Hendricks accompanied this resolution by some remarks, in which he stated his object to be to reduce the length of the long sessions, and increase that of the short sessions of Congress. The 3d of March, he said, from long usage, had been regarded as the termination of every Congress. But it had not been fixed, either by the Constitution or laws. It had happened, that the session of the first Congress, and the powers of the first President, had commenced on the 4th of March, 1789.

Mr. Webster and Mr. Clayton advocated the resolution, which was adopted.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Monday, Dec. 21.—A great number of private bills were reported by the Committee of Claims and read twice.

Mr. Cambreleng presented a bill to authorize the collector of the Port of New York to extend a credit of three, four and five years, on bonds due from sufferers by the fire, in all such cases as he may deem it safe and expedient to do so. Also, to place the surplus moneys of the Treasury in such Banks as he may select, so that it may be loaned to the relief of the merchants of that city.

The bill was twice read, and committed to the committee of the whole.

The House then again took up the petition from Massachusetts, in favor of abolishing slavery in the District of Columbia. After debate, the motion to lay the petition and all motions relating to it, on the table, was carried, 140 to 76.

Mr. Owens of Georgia, then moved to suspend the rule, to enable him to offer the following resolutions:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this House, the question of the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, ought not to be entertained by Congress.

And be it further Resolved, That in case any petitions praying the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia be hereafter presented, it is the deliberate opinion of this House that the same ought to be laid on the table without reading.

The House refused to suspend the rule, by yeas and nays, 115 to 100.

Another warm and protracted debate then arose on a motion to reconsider the vote by which other petitions to the same effect had been inadvertently referred to the committee on the district of Columbia. The discussion was continued on Tuesday and Wednesday.

In the course of it, Mr. Ingersoll of Penn. stated his intention to offer the following re-

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solution for the purpose of satisfying the South, viz:

Resolved, That the *holding of slaves* is a right, clearly recognised by the constitution of the United States, and is thereby secured to the citizens of those States whose policy does not forbid it, as the legitimate SUBJECT of individual property and *source* of political influence and power, and all attempts to interfere with or molest them, in its exercise or enjoyment, are impolitic, unconstitutional, and unjust.

Mr. Wise, of Va., in closing a speech, said, "that nothing would be satisfactory to the South short of a vote declaring that Congress had no right, under the constitution, to interfere, in any manner, with slavery in the District of Columbia."

On Wednesday, the 23d, Mr. Slade of Vermont, spoke two hours in opposition to the motion, and in favor of the immediate abolition of the slave trade, and the gradual abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia.

Mr. Garland, of Va., replied. Further debate was then stopped by the Previous Question.

The question of reconsideration being taken, it was decided in the affirmative, 148 to 61.

Mr. Owens of Geo., then moved to lay the petition on the table, which was carried, 144 to 67.

Thursday, Dec. 24.—Four ballotings were had for Chaplain of the House, which resulted in the election of the Rev. Mr. Stockton.

Both Houses adjourned from Thursday to Monday.

FOREIGN.

NEW YORK, December 24.

Later from England.—The packet ship *Sheffield*, Allen, master, from Liverpool, brings papers to the 8th ultimo, on which day she sailed. They afford little intelligence of moment.

Concerning *Mr. Barton's* movements, much speculation is indulged in the Paris papers, but respecting them we now know here, probably, full as much as was known in Paris.

The affairs of Spain seem much as usual. *M. de Mendizabal* continues to display unabated energy, and has ordered a levy of *one hundred thousand men.* If he has money wherewith to arm and clothe them, this force will suffice to restore the Queen's ascendancy. Without that, it would, probably, only add to existing embarrassments.

Activity prevailed in the Liverpool Cotton Market—without, however, any improvement in prices.

From the Paris Temps.

It was confidently reported yesterday, that the Charge d'Affaires of the United States had, in compliance with the orders of his Government, demanded his passports, and was to quit Paris within two or three days. Mr. Barton was going to set out for Havre, to embark on board the ship Poland, when an unexpected incident retarded his departure for a few days. We know not whether this delay be owing to new instructions received by him, or whether our Ministry has made some concessions to the diplomatist. Notwithstanding these facts, we could not consider the departure of Mr. Barton to be the signal of rupture. It is an expectant measure. We cannot lose sight of the fact, that the American Congress does not assemble before December, and that the election of the new President, which is to take place in March, will adjourn to that period the definitive settlement of the discussion between France and the United States.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET, Nov. 6 — We have had an extensive business done in Cotton this week, and a healthy market, without improvement in prices, save for the middle qualities of American, which are a shade higher. The public sales were very numerously attended, and the Cotton sold brought full as good prices as was expected, the Sea Islands 2d to 3d per lb under the nominal prices of the last fortnight. Speculators have taken 4000 bales of American, and exporters 1700 American, and 200 Surat. The imports this week are 2,644 bags, and the sales are 27,260 bags, viz 40 Sea Island, 19d to 22d—10,420 Bowed, 7d to 11d. &c.

The sales this week of Turpentine are 1000 brls at the high price of 20s per cwt.

A correspondent informs us, that on Thursday of last week a countryman, bro't to this City a load of Cats! which he stated two or three of our citizens had contracted with him to deliver, *at two dollars a piece!* A crowd gathered round the cart, attracted by so singular a traffic. The persons, on whose assurances this novel cargo of live stock was brought to market, in endeavoring to examine the "article," were so unfortunate (or perhaps *mischievous*) as to "let the cats out of the bags," and away they scampered—and away the contractors scampered after them; and, so far as our information goes, the countryman has found but few of the cats, and *none of the contractors;* late in the evening, he was in search of a lawyer, to advise on the legal course to be taken for the recovery of the value of his cats. Whoever perpetrated this mischief on the innocent countryman, ought to be sentenced to a nightly *caterwauling* for "twelve calendar months, and pay all costs."—*Ral. Standard.*

Scioto Valley against the World.—N. W. Thatcher, Esq. Secretary of the Agricultural Society, has handed us the following statement. It contains striking illustrations of the fertility of our soil under skilful culture.—*Portsmouth Paper.*

"One hundred and fifty-four bushels of corn, actual liberal measure, was produced the present season on *one measured acre* of ground, selected from a field of twelve acres, all equally as good, on the farm of Mr. George Renick, of this vicinity. Mr. Felix Renick produced eighty-five and a half bushels of Oats on an acre of ground; the seed of which he recently brought from England. The oats weigh about 12lbs to the bushel more than the common oats of this country. Mr. Daniel Madeira, of this place, raised in his garden Cauliflowers of the most extraordinary size, measuring from 28 to 33 inches in circumference, and weighing 32 lbs. 11 oz. in one solid head. And a stalk of corn, in the garden of Mr. Peter Douglas, produced eight good ears of corn"

From the Raleigh Register.

NOMINATION OF JUDGE WHITE.

It will be seen from the subjoined proceedings, that the Whig Members of the Assembly, not in their character as legislators, but as private individuals, convened, with a number of other citizens from various parts of the State, on Tuesday last, and *unanimously* nominated as their Candidate for the Presidency, Hugh L. White, of Tennessee. That he is a native son of North Carolina, was not to the members of the meeting, personally, a matter of indifference, but it had, we believe, no influence in their designation of him as a Candidate. He was selected, because the Whigs believe him to be peculiarly indicated by the character of the times as the man to lead the friends of the Constitution, in their great struggle against the power and patronage of corruption. Thus believing, there has been a mutual agreement to offer up individual preference, on the altar of Patriotism; and they call upon the people to confirm their nomination in the same spirit in which it was made.

PUBLIC MEETING.

Raleigh, Dec. 22d, 1835.

Pursuant to public notice, immediately after the *final* adjournment of the General Assembly this day, the Members of that body, opposed to the election of Martin Van Buren and Richard M. Johnson to the Presidency and Vice-Presidency of the United States, and a number of other citizens, convened in the Hall of the House of Commons.

The meeting having been called to order, on motion of Gen. *Polk*, of Rowan, Col. *Andrew Joyner*, of Halifax, was appointed Chairman; and, on motion of Dr. *F. J. Hill*, of Brunswick, *Charles Manly* and *Weston R. Gales* were chosen Secretaries.

Mr. Graham, of Orange, briefly stated the purposes for which the meeting had assembled, viz: to consider of the propriety of nominating a Candidate for the Presidency of the United States, in opposition to the nominee of the Baltimore Convention; after which,

Dr. Hill submitted for the consideration of the meeting, the following Resolutions:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting, the Hon. HUGH L. WHITE, of Tennessee, is a suitable person to be elevated to the high office of President of the United States—and we do accordingly recommend to the good people of North Carolina to take all necessary measures to effect that end.

Resolved, That a Committee of seven persons be appointed by the Chairman, residing in or near the City of Raleigh, who shall be called the "CENTRAL COMMITTEE": And that it shall be the duty of said Committee, to correspond with County Committees, on the subject of the Election of President and Vice-President of the United States.

Resolved, That in order to form an Electoral Ticket, the friends of Judge White in each Electoral District, are recommended to meet in the manner most convenient to them, and agree upon some person as Elector for such District: And that such choice be communicated to the Central Committee at Raleigh, who shall publish the names of the Elector so selected: It is further recommended that such selection be made in the several Districts and communicated to the Central Committee, on or before the 1st day of May next.

The meeting having been addressed by Gen. Wellborn, of Wilkes and Mr. Waddell, of Orange, in support of the Resolutions, they were *unanimously* adopted.

[Pursuant to the second Resolution, the following gentlemen were appointed the Central Committee, viz: Charles L. Hinton, George W. Haywood, Charles Manly, Richard Smith, David Carter, Weston R. Gales and William A. Williams.]

On motion of Mr. *Rayner*, of Hertford, it was

Resolved, That a Committee of Vigilance and Correspondence, to consist of five persons, be appointed by the Chair in each County in the State; with power to add to their number, as they may consider advisable, and that they be requested to communicate, from time to time, to the Central Committee, the result of their operations.

On motion of Mr. *King*, of Iredell, it was

Resolved, That a Committee of seven persons be appointed by the Chair, whose duty it shall be to draft an Address to the People of North Carolina, on the subject of the approaching Presidential Election.

[This Committee consists of Thomas G. Polk, of Rowan, David B. Outlaw, of Bertie, William A. Graham, of Orange, John Owen, of Bladen, John H. Bryan, of Craven, Isaac T. Avery, of Burke, and John McLeod, of Johnston.]

Gen. *Polk* offered the following Resolution which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That it is hereby recommended to the people of this State to meet together at an early day, in the several counties thereof, and nominate some suitable person for Governor, who shall be considered the Whig Candidate at the election in August next; and that they communicate the name of the person, so nominated, to the Central Committee at Raleigh.

The following Resolution was introduced with some appropriate remarks, by Mr. *Jo. Seawell Jones*, and also unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Whigs of North Carolina view with the highest admiration the noble conduct of the people of Tennessee in so firmly resisting the arrogant attempt of the President of the United States to dictate to them the successor for whom they should vote.

On motion of Mr. *Hoskins*, of Chowan,

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secretaries, and published in the Whig papers throughout the State.

On motion of Mr. *Gary*, of Northampton, the meeting then adjourned.

ANDREW JOYNER, *Chairman.*

CHARLES MANLY, WESTON R. GALES, } *Secretaries.*

The Rev. John Emory, the beloved Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, came to his death, by being thrown from his carriage, on his road from his residence to the City of Baltimore, on the 16th inst.

The Cold Weather.—The Salem Gazette states that Wednesday last was colder than any of the famous down-east "cold Fridays," the first of which occurred on the 10th of January, 1810. On Wednesday, the mercury sank to eighteen degrees below zero, several persons were frozen in the streets, and a physician was seen riding on horseback with his cheeks as white as snow.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE:

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1835.

This number of the Observer completes the *eleventh year* of our connexion with it as its Editor. Though we have fallen short of our duty in many respects, and have often felt our inability to do credit to the responsible and honorable vocation in which we have been engaged, yet we have the gratification to find, at the close of this, as of former years, an increased list of patrons, and that we issue a greater number of papers at this time, than any newspaper in this place ever did before. These are encouraging facts, and urge us to the exercise of the same zeal and industry, and to the pursuit of the same temperate course, which have gained us these marks of approbation.

We did not intend, as usual at this season of the year, to remind our Subscribers who are in arrears, of their obligation to meet *our* punctuality with like punctuality on *their* parts; but our receipts for some months have been so trifling in amount, that we are compelled to ask it of them. Heretofore, many of them have met our calls with promptitude and cheerfulness. We hope still to receive the same kindness at their hands.

Nomination of Judge White.—We would direct the readers' attention to the proceedings of the meeting at Raleigh, at which steps were taken to organize the opposition to Van Buren and Johnson in this State, and to form an Electoral Ticket in favor of Judge White. We need not say how earnestly we enter into the views of those who composed that meeting, and how zealously we shall support the Ticket at the head of which stands the name of a native son of North Carolina, the honest politician, the patriot, and the statesman.

Not less earnestly shall we always oppose such men as Van Buren and Johnson, the first being, in our estimation, a cunning, intriguing, and uncertain politician; and the last, a man whose private character will not even bear speaking of, and who would be a lasting disgrace to the second office in the nation.

Our river has been for some time past in fine boating order, and there are three Steam Boats regularly running between this place and Wilmington.

The Legislature.—We copy the closing proceedings of this memorable session, together with the list of Acts devised by its wisdom. We have complained for ten years past, of the trifling subjects upon which the time of the Legislature and the money of the people have been wasted; but we do not recollect ever to have met with such a "beggarly account" as the Captions of this year's acts present. Among those acts dignified as "Public," we would particularly call the reader's attention to the one numbered 11. It provides for a prodigious grant of the public domain—not less than the matter of *five* acres, "including the land on which the abutment of the grantee's bridge rests;" and he, on his part, is to pay such a sum into the Treasury of the State, that there will be no need of borrowing for the support of government, for this year at least.

This important act was doubtless regarded as a substitute for an application to Congress for our share of the proceeds of the public Lands. What need has North Carolina of any portion of the surplus funds in the Treasury of the U. States, when she can sell five acres of her own territory, and that at such an enormous price? Who can wonder, now, that our Legislature had wisdom enough to reject the resolutions which asserted the right of North Carolina to a fund for Internal Improvement and Education, equal this year to $500,000?

As the Legislature appears to have done, so does the Raleigh Standard, consider the *quantity* and not the *quality* of the business perfected by it. That paper says, "considering the shortness of the session, a very fair business has been done; 20 public and 136 private acts, and 32 resolutions, have been passed." If this is the test of the wisdom of our annual Legislatures, they have all been composed of perfect Solomons.

The Standard goes on:—"A more liberal spirit than usual, has been manifested by the present Legislature towards works of Internal Improvement in the State." How? The Standard says, by the incorporation of companies for the construction of Rail Roads, &c. The miserable attempt here made to give this Legislature credit at the expense of its predecessors, deserves to be exposed. When, then, we ask, did any Legislature ever refuse to incorporate a Rail Road Company, or other company for the construction of a public work, provided the State were not asked to contribute a part of the funds? The Standard cannot, we think, lay its finger on a single instance of such refusal. The fact is, that the comparison is decidedly against the "liberal spirit" of this session.—Former Legislatures *have* granted money for public works, and for surveys; but by this, not one cent has been appropriated for any work of Internal Improvement, so far as we can discover.

In another article the Standard boasts of the "signal victory" gained by the "democratic party," in the election of Gen. Saunders to the Superior Court Bench. This is the first time, and we pray that it may be the last, in which it is openly avowed that one of our highest Judicial officers is elected on party grounds. It is the first time, within our knowledge, of a boast being made, that a political drudge has been rewarded for his subserviency to the powers that be, by an office requiring clean hands, a clear head, and a sound heart. The ermine is polluted by such an election, for such a purpose.

'Circumstances alter cases.'—Two meetings were held in Raleigh immediately after the adjournment of the Legislature; one by the Van Buren members, and the other by the Whig members, both having the same object in view, viz: to provide for the formation of an Electoral Ticket, both conducted in the same manner, and both taking nearly the same steps to accomplish their respective objects. The Standard denominates the Van Buren meeting, simply "a meeting," whilst the Whig meeting is 'A CAUCUS,' in flaming Capitals; whereupon the Standard inquires, with solemn phiz, "whose, now, is the Caucus Candidate?" The Standard well knows that such meetings have always been held on the eve of a Presidential election, in almost all the States. It applies this epithet for the sake of gulling the ignorant.

Extraordinary Developement.—It is distinctly charged in the National Intelligencer, and not denied by the Globe, that a letter was written by the Duke de Broglie, the French Minister, to the Charge de Affairs of that Government at Washington, and by him communicated to this government, in which an attempt was made to open a way for the payment of the money due by France; and that instead of seizing the occasion thus presented, the President had thus far taken no notice of the communication, either by reply, or in his annual Message, although that Message professes to give a narrative of "all the circumstances" which have occurred since the last session of Congress, in relation to the question.

In the Message, the President says,

"Not having received any official information of the intentions of the French Government, and anxious to bring, as far as practicable, this unpleasant affair to a close before the meeting of Congress, that you might have the whole subject before you, I caused our Charge d'Affaires at Paris to be instructed to ask for the final determination of the French Government; and, in the event of their refusal to pay the instalments now due, without further explanations to return to the United States."

This is in direct conflict with the statement of the Intelligencer, unless it be intended to quibble upon the word "*official*," for it is possible that the communication of the French government may have wanted some formality required by an official paper. And yet the Intelligencer is not in the habit of making grave charges without having the means of supporting them. Indeed, it rather errs on the side of caution and delicacy. The Globe has admitted so much as that the Duke has written a letter to his correspondent in this country on the subject of the treaty.

The Intelligencer thinks that the government was in possession of this friendly overture *before* the instructions were forwarded to Mr. Barton to ask the final determination, &c. and to return to the U. States.

In our opinion, there can be no doubt of the truth of the statements made by the Intelligencer; and it certainly gives countenance to the construction which has been placed on the Message, that it is intended to prepare the way for a recommendation of hostile measures against France. Should it turn out, that such an opportunity of reconciling the difference has been neglected for the want of some formality, and that hostilities ensue in consequence, it will raise such a storm about the heads of those who administer the government, as will hurl them from their high places, and consign them to the infamy they will so well deserve.

We regret that our limits do not allow us to copy the whole of the able articles which the Intelligencer has contained on this subject.

Correspondence of the Journal of Commerce.

Washington, Dec. 18, 1835.

A most extraordinary developement has been made in regard to the French question. It is found that the President, with all his pretensions to frankness, suppressed an important part of the correspondence on this subject. It now appears that immediately after the passage of the Indemnity bill, the Duke de Broglie, did, in an official manner, inform this government that, notwithstanding the clause in the bill, France was ready to pay the sum appropriated, as soon as the President would, by any explanation, afford her an excuse for so doing. It further appears, that, of this voluntary communication, no notice was taken by the President, at the time, nor since!—nor even in the message. I forbear, at present, any remarks upon those facts, further than to say that they will necessarily have a most important bearing upon the ultimate settlement of the question,—and that they involve the property and happiness of the people of both countries concerned. If there was any spirit in the House, which could, for a moment, soar above the party feeling of the day, the Executive would at once be called to account for this extraordinary proceeding.

Maryland.—The Whig Convention of Maryland, which met in Baltimore on the 21st inst. unanimously nominated Gen. WM. H. HARRISON, of Ohio, for President, and JOHN TYLER, of Virginia, for Vice President of the United States.

Pennsylvania.—A member of the Pennsylvania Legislature, in a letter to a friend, says, "The popularity of Gen. Harrison, as exhibited by the people in attendance at Harrisburg from all parts of the State, is astonishing. He will carry all before him in Pennsylvania."

Georgia.—At a meeting of the Opposition Members of the Georgia Legislature, it was recommended to the people of Georgia to support Judge HUGH L. WHITE, of Tennessee, for President, and PHILIP P. BARBOUR, of Virginia, for Vice President.

The bill to establish a Court of Errors was finally lost in the Legislature, in consequence, it is said, of dissentions among the dominant party in relation to the candidates for the offices created. There were too many claimants for the "spoils."

A new Bank at Milledgeville, to be called the Bank of Georgia, has been incorporated.

Mr. Webster and the Anti-Masons.—In reply to a Committee of Anti-Masons, in Pennsylvania, who asked his opinions on the subject of Masonry, Mr. Webster makes the following explicit declarations:

"I have no hesitation, gentlemen, in saying, that however unobjectionable may have been the original objects of the institution, or however pure may have been the motives and purposes of individual members, and notwithstanding the many great and good men who have from time to time belonged to the order; yet, nevertheless, it is an institution, which, in my judgment, is essentially wrong in the principle of its formation; that from its very nature, it is liable to great abuse; that among the obligations, which are found to be imposed on its members, there are such as are entirely incompatible with the duty of good citizens; and that ALL SECRET ASSOCIATIONS, the members of which take upon themselves extraordinary obligations to one another, and are bound together by SECRET OATHS, are, naturally, sources of jealousy and just alarm to others; are especially unfavorable to harmony and mutual confidence among men living together under popular institutions; and are dangerous to the general cause of civil liberty and good government. Under the influence of this conviction, IT IS MY OPINION, THAT THE FUTURE ADMINISTRATION OF ALL SUCH OATHS, AND THE IMPOSITION OF ALL SUCH OBLIGATIONS, SHOULD BE PROHIBITED BY LAW."

It was supposed that these strong Anti-Masonic views would have secured Mr. Webster the support of that party in Pennsylvania; but they have nominated Gen. Harrison.

The Bank of the United States has closed, by sale, sixteen of its Branches, viz:

Portland,	St. Louis,
Portsmouth,	Natchez,
Providence,	New Orleans,
Buffalo,	Mobile,
Pittsburgh,	Charleston,
Lexington,	Fayetteville,
Louisville,	Baltimore, and the a-
Cincinnati,	gency at Chillicothe,

And it has closed, without sale, six Branches, viz: the branches at Burlington, Hartford, Utica, Norfolk, Richmond, and Washington,

Making twenty-two out of the twenty-seven branches and agencies which are closed or sold. There remain—

Boston,	Nashville—and the Real Estate
New York,	Agency at Cincinnati.
Savannah,	

The Bank has thus sold nearly one-half of all its debts due by Notes, and nearly all that part of it due at places where its rapid collection would have been likely to produce distress. There will be no difficulty in collecting its debts at most of the offices that remain.

Fattening Pork in N. C.—Every body knows that country pork is selling about here at six dollars. This *unconscionable* price is in part owing to the circumstance that the Kentucky drovers have not been through this way. The last was a "mast year," and the silly drovers perhaps think we are to have "seven years plenty" of acorns, and that we will "save our bacon" ourselves.

A gentleman travelling through Kentucky, asked an old drover whether they intended to drive many hogs to Carolina this fall.

"No, sir—be no pork carried there from Kentucky."

"None!—why so?"

"Was in with a drove myself last fall—got only three and a half and four—mast year there—saw one man with a pig tied to a pole holding it up to a black-jack acorn!—abundance of meat among 'em now."

Greensborough Patriot.

MARRIED,

In this town, on Thursday evening last, by Gurdon Deming, Esq., Mr. WILLIAM JAMES BUCHANNAN to Miss MARY ANN MURPHY, all of this County.

At the same time and place, by Gurdon Deming, Esq., Mr. EPHRAIM SINGLETARY, of Bladen, to Miss NANCY A. BLUE, of this County.

On the 3d instant, by the Rev. Wm. Closs, Mr. RICHERSON FAUCETT, of Haywood, to Miss LUCINDA J. only daughter of Mr. Wm. Crump, of Chatham county.

DIED,

At New York, on Tuesday evening the 22d inst., after an illness of five days, DAVID HOSACK, M. D. F. R. S. &c. &c. aged 66 years.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVED, Dec. 29th, steamer Henrietta, with Goods for J. G. & J. H. Cook, Hall & Johnson, G. B. Atkins, R. C. McMaster, J. Fuller, and Geo. C. McNeill.

Also on the 29th, boat Post Boy, in tow of Henrietta, with Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., for Willkings & Belden, W. Winslow, Hall & Johnson, J. G. & J. H. Cook, G. B. Atkins, G. W. McDonald, J. Martine, O. P. Stark, Nott & Starr, J. M. Strong, Curtis & Myrover, D. Shaw, G. & L. Hurlbutt, of this place; and for D. McRae, J. Parker, J. A. Taylor, and J. Small, of the interior.

Also, at the same time, in tow of Henrietta, boat Henry Clay, with sundry Merchandise, for J. G. & J. H. Cook, A. V. W. Hewlett, G. & L. Hurlbutt, and H. P. Peck, of this place; and C. Benboro, A. Lindsey, and R. A. King, of the interior.

Also, on the 26th, boat Commerce, with Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., for J. Huske, Yarbrough & Rey, T. Sandford & Co., P. Pearce, E. J. Hale, J. W. Sandford, and S. T. Hawley, of this place; and Tucker & Ship, T. B. Wright, J. Murphy, Lindsey & White, B. Clemons, J. Cowles, Miss E. E. Haywood, T. H. Wright, J. C. Blumen, J. Shaw, J. W. Howell, M. & Maning, H. Ledford, Phifer & Moss, F. & McNeill, Miss M. Steel, of the interior.

DEPARTED, on the 22d, steamer Henrietta, with Cotton, Tobacco, Seed, Butter, and Spirits, for J. M. Dobbin, Leete & Cook, G. C. McNeill, R. C. McMaster, J. G. & J. H. Cook, E. B. Drake, Geo. B. Atkins, C. J. Orrell, Curtis & Myrover, Sandford & Co., and Willkings & Belden.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET—DECEMBER 31.

Brandy, peach,	50 a 00	Molasses,	32 a 34
Ditto, apple,	27 a 30	Nails, cut,	6½ a 7
Bacon,	9 a 11	Sugar, brown,	9 a 11
Beeswax,	22 a 23	Lump,	15
Coffee,	12 a 14½	Loaf,	16 a 17
Cotton, new	13 a 1 ¼	Salt,	65 a 70
Corn,	50 a 55	Tobacco, leaf,	5½ a 6
Candles, F. F.	15	Cotton Bagging,	25 a 30
Flaxseed,	1 40 a 1 50	Bale Rope,	10 a 12
Flour,	$6 50 a 7 75	Wheat,	1 15
Feathers,	a 35	Whiskey,	30 a 00
Iron,	4½ a 5	Wool,	16 a

Scuppernong Wine.

4 Barrels of superior quality, 3 years old which will be sold in quantities of 10 gallons each, to suit families, or by the barrel, at a moderate rate to close consignment.

S. W. MURLEY.

December 29, 1835. 69 3w

Private Boarding School

For Young Ladies, at Kelvin, near Pittsborough.

THIS Institution, long known as *Mrs. Edward Jones's School*, will hereafter be conducted under the joint superintendence and instruction of *Miss Charlotte C. Jones*, and Mr. *W. H. Hardin*.—The next session will commence on the first Monday in February next, and continue until the middle of July, including a short vacation, when the second session of the year 1836 will commence, which will terminate on the 12th December. A competent Assistant will be employed, if necessary. It is in contemplation to enlarge the accommodations for the School and before the beginning of the next session it is expected that every school-room convenience for each Young Lady will have been provided

As it is determined to preserve the private character of the School the Pupils will board in the families of the Teachers; exceptions to this rule will only be made to meet peculiar circumstances and the special wishes of friends and relations.

TERMS.—Board, (including every necessary,) Tuition, Stationary, and the use of School Books, $75 per session.

Music and Drawing will form separate charges.

Books and Stationary will be furnished to the day scholars who reside in the Village and vicinity, and those who may board in other families at moderate prices.

W. H. HARDIN.

Near Pittsborough, Dec 20, 1835. 69*tf.*

Rail Road Notice.

BOOKS for Subscription to the Stock of the Wilmington and Raleigh Road, are opened at the Branch of the Bank of the State in Fayetteville, under the direction of the undersigned, and will continue open for 60 days from the third Monday in December inst

JOHN HUSKE,
J. W. WRIGHT,
O. P. STARK, } *Commissioners.*

December 26, 1835

For Sale or Rent.

THE Subscriber being desirous to retire to the country on account of ill health, offers for sale the following property:—

The House and Lot whereon he lives, formerly the property of Wm. Waddill, Jr.

A House and Lot near Mr. S. Mims and W. Locke, a desirable residence for a small family.

A Lot, Warehouse and Out Houses near the Flour Warehouse; the Warehouse substantially underpinned for storing Salt, Molasses, or other heavy articles

A vacant Lot nearly opposite the residence of Wm B Wright.

A Lot on Hay Mount, back of Constant Johnson, on the corner opposite, containing one acre.

The Plantation formerly Mrs. Barge's, which has undergone considerable repair within the past year in fencing, &c.

A particular description of the property is deemed unnecessary, as any person wishing to purchase can, by calling on the Subscriber, be shown the premises.

The terms of sale will be liberal. If not sold previous to the 1st February, it will then be offered at Auction, or rented to the highest bidder, together with Household and Kitchen Furniture.

A BAILEY.

December 28, 1835. 69 4w

Fayetteville Mechanic Benevolent Society.

YOU are hereby notified that a Regular Meeting of "The Fayetteville Mechanic Benevolent Society" will be held at the Town Hall, on Monday next, at 6 o'clock P. M., which you are requested to attend.

JNO. CARNEY, *Sec'y.*

December 30, 1835

Notice.

THE Subscriber takes this method of informing his customers in the State of North Carolina, whose accounts with him either open or closed by note, remained unpaid on the first of December instant, that his books and papers have been so much injured by the late fire, as to render it necessary for him to solicit from those doing business with him, a statement at as early a day as possible of their respective accounts. He further asks the favour of his friends, where more than one are trading in the same place, to transmit their statement to him under one cover by mail. He desires to avail himself of this occasion to return his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage extended to him during the period he has been engaged in business; and to assure his customers and friends that his means are ample and his arrangements completed for continuing his business as usual.

He is now opening a full assortment of

China, Glass & Earthenware,

At No. **83**, WATER STREET, two doors below his old Stand.

R. C. WETMORE,
No. 83, *Water Street, near Old Slip.*

New York, Dec. 24, 1835. 69 7w

N. B. Attorneys holding claims for collection are requested to communicate the particulars of the business in their charge as soon as possible.

R. C. W.

$25 Reward.

RANAWAY from Mr. Hugh McLane, at Fayetteville, on the 19th of september last, a negro man named DAVE, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, slender built, speaks rather slow; walks a very little lame. He is doubtless lurking in the neighbourhood of Beaver Creek, near the line of Cumberland and Moore Counties, where he was raised, and where his wife and family reside. The Subscriber having purchased him, will give the above reward for his apprehension and delivery at the Jail in Fayetteville.

WILLIAM McLEOD

Cumberland County, Dec 29, 1835. 69*tf.*

Winter Term.

THE next Term in Donaldson Academy will commence on Wednesday next. During this term a course of Lectures on Chemistry, accompanied with experiments, will be delivered. The course will comprise from twelve to twenty Lectures The time of Lecturing will be 7 o'clock P. M., and the first Lecture will be delivered on the first Tuesday in January This Lecture will be public, and any, who are disposed, are invited to attend. As only a limited number can be accommodated, seats will be reserved for such as may take Tickets. A Ticket for the Course will be one dollar for an individual. They may be had at the Book Store of Mr. Hale, or at the Academy.

December 23, 1835. 68-2w.

Blanks

For sale at the Book Store of E. J. HALE.

PRIVATE FEMALE

BOARDING SCHOOL.

THE Exercises of the LOCHIEL SCHOOL, situated about a mile west of Hillsborough, will be resumed on the second Monday of January. As the number of Pupils is limited, an early application is desirable. Terms for Board and Tuition, including a supply of Books and Stationary, are $75 per Session of five months.

Music and Painting, taught in the house, by experienced Instructers, form an extra charge.

WM. E. ANDERSON.

Hillsborough, Dec 5, 1835. 66-5w.

PROCLAMATION

By the Governor of the State of North Carolina.

THE Convention which met in the City of Raleigh, on the fourth day of June last, having adopted certain amendments to the Constitution of the State, and having by an Ordinance, directed them to be submitted by the Governor to the people for ratification or rejection; and the said Convention having directed returns of the votes to be made to the Governor, to be by him opened in the presence of the Secretary of State and Public Treasurer, and that in case a majority of the votes given, should be in favor of the ratification of the said amendments, the same should be forthwith made known by a Proclamation of the Governor, and the said amendments having all been so submitted to the people, and returns of the votes having been made and opened, and the result ascertained according to the said Ordinance:

Now therefore, I. DAVID L. SWAIN, Governor of the State of North Carolina, do hereby declare and make known to the people of the State, that a majority of all the votes so returned was in favor of the ratification of the said Amendments, which said Amendments so ratified, are become part of the Constitution of the State, and will be in full force and effect from and after the first day of January eighteen hundred and thirty-six.

In testimony whereof I have caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereunto affixed, and signed the same with my hand.

Done at the City of Raleigh, the third day of December, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and of the Independence of the said State, the sixtieth. DAVID L. SWAIN.

By the Governor,

WM. T. COLEMAN, *Private Secretary.*

PLANTER'S HOTEL.

Fayetteville, N. Carolina.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened a House for the reception of Travellers and Boarders, known by the name of THE PLANTER'S HOTEL, and solicits a part of public patronage. The House being large and in the most elavated place in the Town, and close to a large Fountain of pure Spring Water. His Establishment shall always be furnished with every necessary that the country affords, except Ardent Spirits.

MICHAEL McGARY.

October 14, 1834. 6 f.

The Subscribers,

HAVING formed a Copartnership, will transact business under the Firm of HOOPER & McLAURIN, next door West of Mr John McArn, where they intend keeping constantly on hand, a WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

GOODS,

Which they will sell low for *Cash*, or to punctual customers at short credit.

J. H. HOOPER,
HUGH McLAURIN.

Fayetteville, Oct 27, 1835. 60tf.

Just Received on Consignment,

70 bbls. No 3, MACKEREL, (new caught,)
5,000 Spanish CIGARS,
20 gross of the Farmer's and Planter's large ALMANAC, for sale by

C. J. ORRELL,
Foot Haymount.

September 21, 1835. 55-tf.

JOHN MUNN

HAS just received his FALL AND WINTER GOODS, viz:—

10 Hnds. Porto Rico SUGAR,
100 bags Porto Rico, Laguira & Rio Coffee,
100 kegs Nails, assorted, from 4d to 40d,
10 tons Swedes and English Iron, ass'td.,
30 pieces heavy 42 inch Bagging,
30 coils Bale Rope,
100 sides Sole Leather,
100 pair Trace Chains,
1 ceroon Spanish Indigo,

Anvils, Vises, Blacksmith's Bellows, Screw Plates, Files, Cotton Cards, Frying Pans, Shovels, Spades, Wrought Nails,

DRY GOODS,

HATS, SHOES, SKIRTING LEATHER, WHITE LEAD, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

Liverpool and Alum SALT,—all of which will be sold low for Cash or Produce.

Fayetteville, Oct. 26, 1835. 60tf

Lime and Plaster of Paris.

THE Subscriber has just received 200 casks of fresh LIME, and 21 barrels PLASTER of PARIS, which will be sold low for cash. He intends to keep a large and regular supply of these articles at all times, and from his experience for near 20 years as a Bricklayer and Plaisterer, he can always speak confidently as to the *quality* of the articles

He may be found on application, at the Shop opposite the United States Bank.

JOHN E PATTERSON.

February 20, 1835 25tf.

NEGROES WANTED.

THE Subscriber is desirous to purchase 30 or 40 NEGROES, of both sexes, not under ten nor over thirty years of age, for which the highest cas prices will be given.

NEILL JOHNSON.

January 12, 1835. 19tf.

Mother's Catechism.

For sale by E. J. HALE.

May 7, 1835.

CHEESE.

ON the river and expected in a few days,
50 BOXES CHEESE,
10 CASKS do.

THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

October 6, 1835. 57 tf

CLOVER, HERD'S GRASS and TIMOTHY SEED, For sale by

C. P. MALLETT.

Sept. 29, 1835. 56-tf.

J. GALES & SON'S ALMANAC,

FOR 1836.

Just received, for sale wholesale and retail, by

E. J. HALE.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has received in part, his Fall supply of GOODS. His stock consists of the following articles:

200 bags Rio, Porto Rico, St. Domingo, and Java } COFFEE,
15 hhds. St. Croix and Porto Rico SUGAR,
800 sacks Liverpool SALT,
500 bushels Alum ditto,
20 tons Swedes and English Iron,
50 kegs Nails,
2500 lbs. sole Leather,
1000 do harness ditto,
500 do skirting do,
3 tons Castings,
30 pieces Cotton Bagging,
30 coils Bale Rope,
50 boxes Window Glass,
200 lbs. best Spanish Indigo,
500 lbs. Madder, (ombro,)
1500 lbs. Loaf Sugar,
100 barrels No. 3 Mackerel,
15 cases Shoes and Hats,

A small assortment Cutlery,

Trace Chains, Anvils, Vices, Hammers, Smith's Bellows, Wagon Boxes, Blankets, Canvass, No. 1, 2 and 3, Twilled Stockings, Alum, Salt Petre, &c. &c. The whole will be sold low.

JONES FULLER.

October 19, 1835. 59tf

LEMAY'S No. Carolina ALMANAC, for 1836, or sale.

S. W. MURLEY

HAS taken the Store at the N. E. corner of Hay and Hillsborough Streets, recently occupied by Mr. Henry Horn, where he intends keeping on hand an assortment of

GROCERIES & HARDWARE,

With a few DRY GOODS, suitable for the Bartering Trade. He will be thankful for a share of patronage,—and has now for sale,

5 Tons Swedes and English Iron,
100 sacks Liverpool Salt,
5 hhds Porto Rico and St. Croix Sugar,
10 bags Rio Coffee,
10 do Laguira do.,
5 do. St. Domingo do.,
5 do. Pepper,
5 do. Pimento,
2 do. Ginger,
15 boxes Hyson and Imperial Teas,
2 barrels Loaf Sugar.

With Powder, Lead, Shot, Indigo, Madder, Alum, Saltpetre, Brimstone, Bagging, Rope, Nails, Castings, Blankets, Saddles and Bridles, Hats, Shoes, &c &c.

He would also mention, that the Warehouses connected with the Store are large and convenient, and suited for receiving Goods or Produce for storage or on consignment, all which will be punctually attended to.

November 19, 1835. 63-tf.

Commission Business

will be promptly attended to by the Subscriber.

J. MUNN.

On Consignment.

A Highly finished Newark built close CARRIAGE, will be sold low. Apply to

C. P. MALLETT.

Nov. 16, 1835. 63-tf.

Just Received,

A FEW barrels of Calcined PLASTER PARIS, best quality, for plastering or cornicing, for sale by J. E. PATTERSON.

Fayetteville, October 24. 60tf

Female Classical School.

THE new Session of the Female Classical School opened on the 19th ult., on the principles of self government, and of rotation in Directresship. In these principles the Young Ladies will be instructed by weekly Lectures from the President of the Board. The undivided attention of Mr. Tripp has been secured, and the Trustees confidently recommend the School to the patronage of the public to the full extent of the number of Pupils contemplated in the arrangement.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

October 20. 59-tf.

$50 Reward.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber, a few days ago a Negro boy named PETER, about 23 years of age. He formerly belonged to Mrs. Stewart, of Robeson County, who sold him to Col. Daniel McQueen of whom I purchased him. He is well known about this town and in Robeson, about six feet high, of black complexion, and had small whiskers when he deserted. Any person apprehending said slave and lodging him in any jail, so that I get him, shall receive the above reward. Address me at Columbia, S. C.

CHRISTIAN LIGHTNER

Fayetteville, May 22, 1834. 86-tf

IMPORTANT

To Physicians and Dealers in Medicines.

J. J. LING,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

Person Street, a few doors above Liberty Point,

IS now receiving a large and general Assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, DYE STUFFS, and HATTERS' MATERIALS, &c. His Stock is by far the largest that has ever been offered in this Market, and which he warrants to be genuine, and is determined to sell at the lowest possible terms. Physicians and Country Merchants are invited to call and examine his stock. Orders will be promptly attended to. Prescriptions from Physicians put up at the shortest notice.

March 24, 1835. 29-tf

State of North Carolina.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Superior Court of Law, Fall Term, 1835.

Daniel Freeman vs. Richmond Billingsley } Original Attachment levied on Defendant's interest in a tract of land on which Christian Billingsley now lives

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Richmond Billingsley, the Defendant in this case, is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore ordered by said Court that publication be made in the Fayetteville Observer, for the space of six weeks, that the said Richmond Billingsley appear at our next Superior Court of Law, to be held for the County of Montgomery, at the Court House in Lawrenceville, on the first Monday in March next, and then and there replevy and plead, or judgment will be entered *pro confesso* against him, and the land levied on as above, be ordered to be sold for the payment of the same.

Witness, Farq'r. Martin, Clerk of the Superior Court of Law and Equity in and for said County, at Lawrenceville, the first Monday in September, 1835.

FARQ'R MARTIN, *C. S. C.*
Pr HENRY LILLY, *D. Clk.*

64] Cost of adv. $4. 61-3m

Blanks

For sale at the Book Store of E. J. HALE.

A CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBERS will be receiving during the present week

150 PACKAGES,

Comprising a very general assortment of BRITISH, FRENCH, INDIA, AND DOMESTIC GOODS, which have been purchased at the late Package Sales in New York, and which they offer by the piece at reduced prices. Also receiving,

20 cases Tuscan Bonnets,
100 cases Mens' black and drab Fur and Silk Hats, in whole and half cases.

Together with a great variety of other Goods, which will make their assortment unusually attractive, and worthy the attention of Country Merchants and Dealers generally, and to which their attention is invited.

HALL & JOHNSON.
Foot of Hay Mount.

Fayetteville, December 3, 1835. 65-tf.

New Goods.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received and is now opening, his Fall and Winter supply of GOODS, consisting of a large and well selected assortment of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
HATS AND SHOES,
Men's and Boys' Cloth, Fur and Seal Caps,
Cotton and Wool Cards, Bagging and Bale Rope,
A great variety of Men's and Women's Cloaks.

ALSO, a first rate article of Champaigne Brandy, Madeira, Port and Malaga Wines, best quality. All of which will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce.

JOHN C. LATTA.

N. B. All persons indebted to the Subscriber, are requested to come forward and settle their accounts, as no further indulgence can be given. Persons failing to comply with the above notice before the first of January, 1836, must expect to find their Notes and Accounts in the hands of an officer for collection J. C. L.

December 1. 1835. 65 tf

DAVID SHAW,

Confectioner and Grocer.

HAS just received a fresh and general supply from New York, of the following articles, viz:

Bunch Raisins,	Coffee & brown Sugar,
Currants,	Scotch Herrings,
Soft shell Almonds,	Jamieson's water Crackers,
Palm Nuts,	Cheese and Scotch Barley,
Filberts,	Race & ground Ginger,
Mace and Cloves,	Pepper and Alspice,
Cassia and Nutmegs,	Cream Ale, &c. &c.
Spanish Cigars,	
Loaf Sugar and Teas, assorted,	

A general assortment of TOYS, and a large assortment of CONFECTIONARIES, on hand.

☞His wholesale price for Candies by the 100 weight is 30 cents per pound.

He now tenders his thanks to his friends and customers, both in the town and surrounding country, for past favors, and hopes to share a portion of their future patronage.

Fayetteville, Nov 19, 1835. 63-4*m*.

COTTON GINS.

JOHN W POWELL will keep constantly for sale, his Cotton Gins of various kinds, at the Store of HALL & JOHNSON.

Fayetteville, June 30, 1835 43-tfJ.

The Subscribers

ARE now receiving direct from New York, at the Store lately occupied by Wm. C. Cook, second door from the North West corner of Market Square, Green Street, a general assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hard-Ware, Crockery, Cutlery, Boots, Shoes, Hats, &c.

Which they offer low for cash or country produce.

LEETE & COOK.

Fayetteville, October 20, 1835. 59 tf

HOLBROOK'S BELLS,

For Churches, Manufactories, Plantations, &c.

HOLBROOKS', the most celebrated Bell Founders in this country, having made arrangements with the Subscriber to receive and execute all orders for their Bells of any size, to 2,500 lbs. which they will warrant of the very best sound and quality, not surpassed by any Bells in this country. Also, Town Clocks, Church and Parlour Organs, of superior finish and tones. Orders received and information given by

JAMES MARTINE.

N B. They will warrant their Bells, and should any fail to give satisfaction, they may be exchanged for another. Also Old Bells recast.

Fayetteville, October 20. 59tf

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber, in the month of January last, a negro man named JACK, and his Wife named ESTHER. The former is a Carpenter, about 40 years old, six feet high, black, speaks quick; the woman is about 30 years old, low, and of an Indian complection, said to have Indian blood I bought them from Col. Joyner, of Sampson, a short time before they ranaway. Jack was originally purchased from Mr. Edwards, of Greene County, to which neighborhood they may have returned, but it is more likely that they have gone to Florida, near Quincey. The above reward will be paid for their apprehension and confinement in any Jail, so that I get them, or $20 for any information that may lead to their recovery.

HEROLD BLACKMORE.

Duplin County, Sept. 10, 1835. 54tf.

State of North Carolina.

DUPLIN COUNTY.

Superior Court of Law, Full Term, 1835.

James H. Jarman and others, vs Zecheriah Davis and others. } *Petition for Partition.*

IT appears to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendants Elizabeth Taylor, Windal Taylor, James Taylor, Catharine Davis, James T. Davis, Nimrod W. Leary, Catharine Leary, Barney Ivey and Elsey Ivey, reside beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Fayetteville Observer, for three months successively, that the said Defendants may appear at the next Term of our Court to be held on the fourth Monday of March next, and plead, answer, or demur to said petition, or the same will be taken *pro confesso* and set for hearing *ex parte* as to them.

(True copy from the Minutes.)

Test, JERE. PEARSALL, *C. S. C.*

Cost of adv. $4. 61-3m

JEREMIAH KYLE

HAS just received from New York and Philadelphia, a large and splendid assortment of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

Among which are,

Fine and superfine Broad CLOTHS, blue, black, green, claret, olive, brown, Oxford mixed and drab,
Blue, black, drab and brown Cassimeres,
Superior Vestings,
Rose and point Blankets,
Dress Hdkffs. and Shawls, a large assortment of all kinds,
Silks, Satins and Florences,
400 Ladies' and Gentlemen's Cloaks,
2500 lbs. Cotton Yarn, from the Petersburg manufactory,
10 bales Cotton Osnaburgs, from the same manufactory,
Merino and other superior Calicoes,
French and English Merinoes,
6 4 and 4 4 Irish Linen, Lawns and Diaper,
Shell tuck and side Combs.

With many other articles, which are offered by wholesale or retail, at very reduced prices.

October 26, 1835. 60tf.

N. B. New Goods received by every arrival from New York.

Furniture Ware Room.

JOHN W. BAKER has just received from New York, an assortment of gilt and mahogany

Framed Looking Glasses,

Of the latest and most fashionable patterns; a very general assortment of cane, rush, board bottomed, curled maple and

FANCY CHAIRS,

A great variety of patterns; together with an assortment of home made

CABINET FURNITURE,

Consisting of mahogany and walnut Sideboards, Secretary and Book Cases, Dining Tables, Breakfast and Tea do., Centre and Card do, Bureaus, Candle and Wash Stands, Ladies' Work Tables, Spring-seat Sofas, Easy Chairs, Mattrasses, mahogany, curled maple and plain Bedsteads; all of which will be sold on as good terms as can be obtained in the market.

December 30. 65tf.

I want to purchase

A LONG between this and the 1st of February next, for a special purpose,

15,000 LBS. GOOD FEATHERS,
10,000 do. Bees Wax,
50,000 do. White Cotton Rags.

—ALSO—

Other produce of all descriptions except Whiskey and Brandy, for all of which the highest market price will be paid.

E. B. DRAKE.
Below the U S. Bank.

Fayetteville, August 24, 1835. 51tf

Flour, Bacon, Lard, &c.

50 BBLS. fine and superfine Flour,
30 bbls. No. 2 Herring,
5000 lbs. prime Bacon,
2000 lbs. Lard,
1000 bushels Corn,
200 do. Oats,
50 boxes, "I Blake's" Mould Candles,
30 hhds. bright Molasses,
50 casks Lime.
No. 1 Mackerel,

For sale by

J. G. & J. H. COOK.

July 7, 1835. 44 tf.

LAFAYETTE HOTEL.

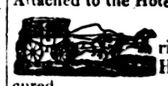
Fayetteville, North Carolina.

THE Subscriber having purchased from Col. Joshua W. Cochran, the unexpired term of his lease of the Lafayette Hotel, gives notice that he is now prepared to accommodate Boarders and Travellers. The House is commodious, well ventilated and admirably adapted to the purpose for which it is intended. The Parlors are large, well furnished, and calculated for private families The Stables, spacious, and shall be well provided.

The Subscriber feels grateful to the public for the patronage which the Hotel has already received, and will endeavor by care and attention to the comfort of his guests, to merit and enjoy a continuation of the same.

Cold and Warm Baths

Attached to the Hotel, and *always* in readiness.



All the Stages arrive at and depart from the Hotel, where seats are secured.

THOMAS COCHRAN.

October 1, 1835. 57tf.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has just received his Fall and Winter supply of GOODS, consisting of a large and well selected assortment of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
Crockery Ware, a good assortment,
HATS AND SHOES,
Men's and Boy's Cloth, Fur and Seal Caps,
Cotton and Wool Cards,
Bagging and Bale Rope, &c. &c.

And a great variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate—All of which will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce.

N. McKINNON.

Fayetteville, Sept. 28, 1835. 56tf

MILL IRONS &c.

THE Subscriber manufactures, and will keep constantly on hand,

Mill Cranks, Mill Irons & GRIST MILL SCREWS,

Of all descriptions, warranted to be of good quality, and at a reasonable price. Orders from the country will be punctually attended to, and the articles furnished as *CHEAP* as they can be procured *any where*.

All kinds of Black and White Smithing executed with despatch, at my shop on Person Street below Liberty Point.

ARCH'D McLAUCHLIN.

Fayetteville, Jan. 6, 1835.

FOR SALE.

A six passenger Post Coach, of first rate workmanship and materials, but little used and in good order, for sale at one half its original cost in Newark, by

JAMES MARTINE.

May 9. 36-tf.

NEW, CHEAP AND DESIRABLE

GOODS.

GEO. C. McNEILL,

HAS just received and is now opening, at his Stand, (South side Person street, 3 doors below Market Square,) a large and splendid assortment of Spring, Summer, Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

TOGETHER WITH A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

HARDWARE & CUTLERY,
Crockery Ware & Groceries.

All of which he is disposed to sell low for CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE. His stock consists in part of the following articles, viz:—

Extra superfine Blue, Black, Claret, Napoleon Violet, Russel Brown, Polish & Invisible Green CLOTHS,
Low priced ditto ditto ditto,
Cassimeres and Vestings of superior quality,
Superior 6-4 Summer Cloth (a new and splendid article,)
Super black Cashmaretto and Erminetts,
Crape Camlets, Linen Drillings, Black Lastings,
Brochellas, Princettas, fancy-ribbed Drillings, &c.,
Superior Irish Linens and long Lawns, Cotton Shirtings and Sheetings,
A few Ready Made SHIRTS.

A VERY EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

SILKS,

Embracing almost every description, some of which are very superior.
FRENCH BOMBAZINES, of all qualities, (some as good as any imported,)
Black Chally, Black Crape Veils for mourning,
Super printed Challyette, and figured Ipsola Silks, a new and splendid article,
Extra rich printed French Muslins, of the very best qualities, Mourning Muslins and Ginghams,
Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Worked Muslin Capes and Collars, Worked Muslin Insertions and Edgings, and blond worsted Edgings, bobinet and thread Laces and Edgings, green and white blond Gauze Veils, black love Handkerchiefs
An extensive assortment of fancy dress SHAWLS and HANDKERCHIEFS, of the handsomest styles, (some entirely new.)
Brown Thread, Cotton and spun Silk Gloves for Gentlemen,
Black and white English Silk ditto,
RIBBONS of every description, a large assortment
India and Pongee Silk Handkerchiefs,
8 cases of BONNETS, of the newest and most fashionable styles,
A large assortment striped and plaid Muslins and Cambrics,
Plain and figured Swiss, Jackonet and Book Muslins,
HOSIERY of all kinds.

350 pieces new style Prints,
1 bale Osnaburgs and Bewlapps,
Russia Sheetings, Dowlass and Ticklenburgs,
Russia and Bird's eye Diapers and Table ditto,
Mexican Mixtures, Twilled Stormants, Rouen Cassimere,
Blue and brown Jeans, Apron Checks, Bed Ticks of all qualities,
Brown Shirtings and Sheetings, and Cotton Osnaburgs,
Jefferson Cord, Constitution Frills,
Blue printed cloth Table Covers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

Umbrellas and Parasols,

HATS AND SHOES,
STOCKS and COLLARS,
SHELL COMBS of every description,

With many other articles too tedious to enumerate. In short, his Stock comprises as complete an assortment of desirable Goods as there is now in market, and will be sold low at wholesale or retail.

N. B.—Country Merchants will find it to their interest to call and examine the above Stock before they make their purchases.

GEO. C. McNEILL.

April 17, 1835. 33tf

Commission & Forwarding Agency.

THE SUBSCRIBER having established himself in Wilmington for the purpose of transacting the above business, respectfully tenders his services to the public. Goods consigned to him will be forwarded with the utmost dispatch and all necessary particularity observed.—Particular attention will oe paid to the sale of Tobacco, Flour, Lumber, Staves, &c. as well as the purchase of Goods. He flatters himself that a knowledge of business, combined with unremitting attention, will secure him a share of public patronage.

WM. O JEFFREYS.

REFERENCES—O. P. Stark, Nott & Starr, C. T. Haigh, John C. Latta, Jos. Baker, Yarbrough & Ray, W. S. Latta, Henry Horn. *Fayetteville, N. C.*

96-tf.

Rowlett's Interest Tables,

NEW Edition, just received. Also, his Time Tables, for sale by

E. J. HALE.

April 1. 78tf.

BECKWITH'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

PILLS,

Invented by Dr. John Beckwith, an eminent Physician of Raleigh, N. C.

THE Subscriber having been appointed *Wholesale* and Retail Agent for the sale of BECKWITH'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC PILLS, will furnish Country Merchants and others at a reduction proportionate to the quantity purchased.

They are neatly put up in tin boxes, with an envelope containing directions for their use. Price 50 cents per box.

August 2, 1834. E. J. HALE.

GRAY'S INVALUABLE

OINTMENT,

FOR THE CURE OF

White Swellings, Scrofula and other Tumours, Sore Legs and Ulcers, Old and Fresh Wounds, Sprains and Bruises, Swellings and Inflammations, Scald's and Burns, Women's Sore Breasts, Scald Head, Rheumatic Pains, Chilblains, Tetters, Eruptions, Whitlows, Biles, and external diseases generally.

Price $1 per pot, or $9 per dozen.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by

E. J. HALE.

Dr. Bedell's Sermons.

THE above work has just been received, and Subscribers are requested to call for their copies. A few copies also for sale.

E. J. HALE.

September 22, 1835.

Children's Toy Books

OF every description, for sale at the Book Store of E. J. HALE.

August 14, 1832.

The Voice of Experience

HAS Spoken! and the afflicted are once more called upon to listen to facts which cannot be controverted; for a few years past the INDIAN VEGETABLE ELIXIR has effected more cures in the cases it is recommended for than any other medicine that has ever been recommended to the public. It is confidently asserted that in 90 cases out of 100, it has had the desired effect in removing Rheumatism, Gout, Pains in the Bones, Joints and Muscles. A few of a great many proofs are herewith submitted. So important is it always to have it at hand, that every family would do well to keep it by them in case of need. So effectual has the Vegetable Indian Elixir proved in all those cases in which it is recommended, that the proprietor feels authorized to state, it will effect a cure in ninety cases out of a hundred, when taken according to the printed directions accompanying each Bottle. The Elixir is composed entirely of Vegetable ingredients, and may be taken without the least risk or injury to the constitution. It is unnecessary to say more in favor of this invaluable *Remedy;* too many in this community have already been cured by it for its virtues long to remain unknown, and it must, and will become the universal resort of the afflicted here, as it has done in other places. For the further satisfaction of those who may feel disposed to doubt the efficacy of this medicine, the following certificates are submitted. Its reputation, however, is now established in every neighborhood in South Carolina, and hundreds of our most respectable citizens can testify to its truly admirable qualities.

This is to certify that the Subscriber had been for some time afflicted with the Rheumatism very severely, from which he could get no relief, until being advised to procure some of Dr. Fitch's Indian Vegetable Elixir, which he accordingly did, and from which, after taking a few doses, he was entirely relieved. SAM'L PEARSE.

Columbia, April 16, 1832.

Near Rice Creek Springs, Richland District, S. C., April 20, 1833.

I certify, that my son, Thomas Mitchell, Jr., aged 15 years, has been troubled for eight years last past with the Rheumatism, and for the last three years has been unable to help himself; his pain was very severe, so that he could not be moved without great agony; his limbs were paralyzed and drawn up and he presented an objec hopeless to all that knew him. I resorted to several Physicians for relief for him, without effect. Having heard of Dr Fitch's Indian Vegetable Elixir, I procured the same for my son. On taking it he was much relieved, and by continuing it to the fourth bottle, has entirely removed the pain, his flesh is restored, and he is now enjoying good health. I would in all cases of Rheumatism earnestly recommend it to those who are affected with this excruciating pain.

THOMAS MITCHELL.

We being neighbors and acquaintances of Mr. Thomas Mitchell, and having often seen the situation of his son, fully corroborate the above stated case, and, as we believe, has been cured by the Indian Vegetable Elixir.—Samuel Meek, David D Hay, Briteon Spelling, Robert Thompson, B. Haigood.

This is to certify that the Subscriber had been for some years tormented with that excruciating disease, Chronic Rheumatism, and was advised in February last to procure from Dr. Fitch some of his Indian Vegetable Elixir. Accordingly, I procured some of it, and to my great surprise and still greater relief it entirely removed the complaint, after taking a few doses, and I have not since had a return of it. JESSE ARTHUR.

Columbia, April 21, 1831.

Who can doubt the efficacy of the INDIAN VEGETABLE ELIXIR?

This is to certify, that I the subscriber have for several years past, at stated periods, been greviously afflicted with rheumatism, and have at intervals been confined to my house unable to attend my ordinary avocations. I had resorted to the common remedies, without obtaining relief. Hearing of the value of Dr. Fitch's medicine, I applied to him for the same, and have, as I trust, by the efficacy of his Indian Vegetable Elixir, been perfectly cured. On one occasion I was for more than a month in such a situation, that I could not move my limbs without assistance, and by making use of one bottle was restored. At another time I was for the space of three weeks unable to leave my house, and by the use of one bottle was again relieved. I therefore recommend cordially, and with great confidence, this invaluable specific to those who are afflicted with Rheumatic complaints.

WM BARCLAY.

Columbia, October 16, 1835.

RICHLAND DISTRICT,
State of South Carolina.

Personally appeared before me William Barclay, and made oath that the above certificate is true. ROBT. BRYCE, J. P. Ex. Off.

Pendleton, Oct. 25, 1832.

Dr. A. FITCH:—*Sir*—I take this opportunity by the politeness of one of our Representatives in the Legislature to acquaint you of the almost miraculous cure effected by your Indian Vegetable Elixir on my daughter since I last saw you I purchased two bottles of the Elixir and administered them to my daughter; after having used one bottle she was greatly relieved, and the second restored her health altogether. She is in the enjoyment of better health than she has had for several years. I deem it my duty to make this communication to you with a desire that you may make whatever use you think proper of it; and I earnestly recommend the use of the Elixir to all those who are suffering in a similar manner.

ALLANSON G SINCLAIR.

Another Fact.

EDGEFIELD, June 2d, 1832.

Mr. James Boatwright:—Dear Sir—Permit me to return you my sincere thanks for your kind attention in delivering my letter to Dr. Fitch for the five bottles of his Indian Vegetable ELIXIR It came safe to hand, and if you are a parent, you can conceive of my joy, when I inform you that my son who has for the last six months suffered every pain from the Rheumatism which was possible for a human being to bear, has been entirely cured by that Elixir. I had mourned over him and had given him up to be a cripple for life, and all the fond expectations I had anticipated from him, appeared to be blasted forever. But now to see him walking about free from pain, and daily gaining strength, gives me more pleasure than I can express. Several of my neighbors have experienced immediate relief. In only one instance have I known it to fail, and that was a most hopeless one; still he thinks he has experienced benefit enough from it to induce him to persevere longer the use of it; as he has not yet given it a sufficiently fair trial. If this communication can be of any service to my fellow beings, I freely give my consent that you should make such use of it as you think conducive to that end.

I remain ever your much obliged friend,

ANACK P. HICKMAN.

Sold by J. J. LING,
Druggist, Fayetteville

August 4, 1835. [PRICE $1.

LUMBER.

THE Subscriber is now prepared to contract for any quantity of first rate LUMBER, which will be kiln-dried and delivered to order in eight days after application is made, or as soon as it can be dried. All applications thankfully received and strictly attended to by

MICHAEL McGARY.

Fayetteville, May 25, 1835. 38tf.